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# VICISSITUDES;

OR THE

## URNEY OF LIFE.

### BY PEGGY DOW.

tous woman is a crown to her husband: but she that shamed is as rottenness in his bones.—Prov. xii. 4. an find a virtuous woman? for her price is far above

art of her husband doth safely trust in her, so that ave no need of spoil.

ll do him good, and not evil, all the days of her vi. xxxi. 10, 11, 12.

nd edition, corrected and enlarged by the Author.

#### PHILADELPHIA:

No. 256, North Third Street.

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# VICISSITUDES, &c.

I was born in the year 1780; in Granville, Massachusetts; of parents that were strangers to God; although my father was a member of the church of England; and my mother had been raised by pious parents, of the Presbyterian order. But, whether she had any sense of the necessity of the new birth and holiness of heart I cannot say; for she was called to a world of spirits when I was but five months old; leaving behind six children, two sons and four daughters .--My eldest sister being about fifteen years old-my father married in about six months after the death of my mother; and although the woman that he married was an industrious good house wife, yet he lost his property, and was reduced very low, by the sinking of continental money; and the children were scattered as a consequence. My eldest sister married when I was six years old-and she prevailed on my father to give me to her, which accordingly he did: and I was carried into the state of New York, and saw his face no more!\*

My tender heart was often wrought upon by the Spirit of God-and I was at times very unhappy, for fear I should die, and what would become of my soul! I was early taught that there was a God, a heaven and hell; and that there was a preparation necessary to fit me for those mansions of rest, prepared for all that are faithful until death! My heart often mourned before God, young as I was, for something, I scarce knew what, to make me happy! I dared not to sleep without praying to God, as well as I knew how, for many years. My sister's husband being a man not calculated to gain the world, although they had no children, I was raised to labour as much as my strength would

<sup>\*</sup> The summer past, in my journey to the east, I met with a half brother, whom I had not seen for twenty seven years—and with whom my jather died: and also was at one of my sisters, whom I had not seen but once for twenty years. She being nine or ten years older than myself, was able to inform me of some particulars concerning my mother's death, which were a consolation to me.

permit; and peligion; and we were constitution was though but three in my birth. But the often felt like heaven er, though I k Jesus precious to our perimental k eachers made our house fear of him bet hat time, and it was my that taketh care them. I felt as if I cared for me. From in f, and learn insix years of age until s. My chief my serious impressions neeting, and but from twelve to fifteen the ses to my ing with those that were unacheaching with God, or the things that is thourwith God, or the things that phourto the kingdom of heaven. My v two was taken up with the vanities of yed present world, although my heave was often tender under the preaching of the gospel, so that I could weep and mourn; yet I did not seek the Lord in earnest to the saving of my soul. At the age of fifteen, the Lord laid his rod upon me in taking away my health, which was not restored until I was seventeen. In that time I was much afraid I should be called to pass the dark valley—but the Lord was pleased to restore me to health again in a good degree; and at the

her, which according to out to seek my was carried into though many trials Fork, and saw his fashe Methodists'

My tender heart was e new in that upon by the Spirit of Geere I lived at at times very unhapster's husband should die, and whatosed to them, so my soul! I wway very trying; but there was a Gaed, come what might, and that the take up my cross, and cessary to is in the way-I was wilof rest, prgave up all my young comful unt, and all the diversions of moury I had been very fond-such as for sing, and company that feared not mod; and the Lord, who giveth liberally, and upbraideth not, gave me peace and consolation in him. My sister and myself joined the first Society, that was raised in that part of the country, at a neighbourhood called Fish Creek, about four miles from where we lived; where we attended preaching and class-meeting once every week-And the Lord was very precious to my soul in those days.

About that time, my brother-in-law was brought to see himself a sinner,

and embraced religion; and we were a happy family, although but three in number. We often felt like heaven begun below, Jesus precious to our souls! The preachers made our house their home, at that time, and it was my delight to wait on them. I felt as if I could lie at their fect, and learn instruction from their lips. My chief delight was in going to meeting, and praising and singing praises to my God and Saviour. We had preaching once in two weeks in our neighbourhood, but few attended for nearly two years; yet the preachers continued to preach, and that in faith, and the Lord heard and gave them their hearts' desire! They formed a little class, consisting only of seven; my brother and sister, two other men and their wives, and myself, composed the society in the place where I lived .-We had class-meeting and prayermeeting every week at the beginning; and it was but a few months before the Lord burst the cloud, and the work broke out, and sixty or seventy were added to the number. We had

precious times of the out-pouring of the Spirit of God! If we met only for prayer-meeting, oftentimes our meetings would last until twelve and one o'clock, and souls would be so filled with divine love, that they would fall prostrate on the floor, and praise Christ their King! So we continued to love like children of one family, for two or three years; when some difficulties took place; however, none were turned out of society. O! how sweet it is for brethren to dwell together in unity-but how often doth the enemy of mankind make use of that most destructive weapon, DIVI-SION! to destroy the souls of the fallen race of Adam !- O that Christians would make a stand against him; and live and love like children of one family !- that the world might say-. See how these Christians love one another."

After this, I lived in love and union with my brethren for two years or more; and enjoyed the privilege of preaching and class-meetings, and had many precious seasons to my soul! About this time, "Camp-Meetings" began to be introduced into that part of the country; and was attended with the power of God, in the conversion

of many precious souls!

At this time, there was one about thirty miles from where I then lived; and my brother-in-law attended it; where he met with Lorenzo Dow, on his way to Canada; and invited him home with him, to preach at our preaching-house, and sent on the appointment a day or two before hand, so that the people might get notice. And as he was a singular character, we were very anxious to see and hear him. The day arrived, he came, and the house was crowded; and we had a good time! I was very much afraid of him, as I had heard such strange things about him!

He was invited to my brother-inlaw's, but did not come for several days. He had appointments to preach twice and thrice in the day. However, at last he came, and tarried all night. The next morning he was to preach five or six miles from our

house; and little did I think that he had any thoughts of marrying, in particular that he should make any proposition of the kind to me; but so it was, he returned that day to dinner; and in conversation with my sister, concerning me, he inquired of her, How long I had professed religion? She told him the length of time. requested to know whether I kept wicked company? She told him I did not; and observed, that I had often said, "I had rather marry a Preacher than any other man, provided I was worthy; and that I would wish them to travel and be useful to souls. By this time I happened to come into the room, and he asked me if I had made any such remarks? I told him I had. He then asked me if I would accept of such an object as him? I made him no reply, but went directly out of the room-as it was the first time he had spoken to me, I was very much surprised. He gave me to understand. that he should return to our house again in a few days, and would have more conversation with me on that

subject; which he did, after attending a meeting ten or twelve miles from where I lived. He returned the next evening, and spoke to me on the subject again, when he told me that he would marry, provided he could find one that would consent to his travelling and preaching the gospel; and if I thought I could be willing to marry him, and give him up to go, and do his duty, and not see him, perhaps, or have his company more than one month out of thirteen, he should feel free to give his hand to me; but if I could not be willing to let him labour in the vineyard of his God, he dared not to make any contract of the kind; for he could not enjoy peace of mind in any other sphere. He told me I must weigh the matter seriously before God, whether I could make such an engagement, and conform to it; and not stand in his way, so as to prevent his usefulness to souls! I thought I would rather marry a man that loved and feared God, and that would strive to promote virtue and religion among his fellow mortals, than any

other; although I felt myself inadcquate to the task, without the grace of God to support me! Yet I felt willing to cast my lot with his; and be a help, and not a hindrance to him, if the Lord would give me grace; as I had no doubt but he would, if I stood as I ought-and I accepted of his proposal. He was then on his way to Canada, and from thence to the Mississippi Territory; and did not expect to return in much less than two years: then if Providence spared, and the way should open for a union of that kind, when he returned, we would be married! But would strive in that ease, as well as in all others of such importance, to lay it before the Lord: and be directed by him, as far as we could judge: and not rush precipitately into a state, that so much concerned our happiness in this world and the next-As I doubt not many engage in the holy bands of matrimony, without once considering its importance, and the obligations they lay themselves under to each other, to do all in their power, to make the silken cord not prove a chain of iron!

He left me, and went on his way. to preach the gospel through Canada, and from thence to the South, and was gone for near two years, before he returned; he left an appointment for a Camp-Meeting, in conjunction with some of the preachers, on his return, which he fulfilled: and on September the fourth, we were joined in the bands of matrimony, late in the evening. There was not any present but the family, and the preacher who performed the ceremony! Early in the morning he started for the Mississippi Territory, in company with my brother-in-law, who intended to remove to that country if he should like it, as Lorenzo had a chain of appointments, previously given out, for four thousand miles.

I expected to continue to live with my sister, as she had no children, and was much attached to me, or seemed to be so at that time—but the Lord ordered it otherwise. My Lorenzo was gone about seven months, before he returned to me. My brother-in-law was pleased with the country, and

intended to return to it with his family, in a few months. My husband was preparing to go to Europe, in the fall. He returned, and stayed with me about two weeks: and then started for Canada, and left me with my sister. They were preparing to remove to the Mississippi in July—this was in May-and my Lorenzo was to meet them in the western country, where they were to carry me; and from thence we would go to New York, and they continue on their journey to the Mississippi Territory. But he went on as far as Vermont, and held a number of meetings, where he saw his sisters that lived there; and then feeling an impulse to return to Western, where I then was, he gave up the intended tour through Canada, and came back, prepared to take me to New York city, where he intended to embark for Europe.

We stayed a few weeks in Western, until my brother-in-law got his temporal concerns settled; and then, after bidding my friends and brethren in the Lord farewell! we set off for New York, attended by my sister, who went the same road we were going, eighteen or twenty miles; where Lorenzo held several meetings, and stayed two or three days together; and then bid each other farewell, expecting to meet again in eighteen months or two years. But the providence of God did not favour this, or the interference of the Enemy of mankind prevented-for we never met again: and could I have foreseen what awaited my unfortunate sister in the country to which she was bound, the parting would have been doubly distressing. But it is happy for us that we do not know what is in futurity, as the great Master knoweth best how to prepare our minds for greater tribulation, while we travel through this world of woe! Our parting was truly sorrowful and afflicting, but it was light when compared to what followed!

We left Westmoreland, and went down to Albany, where Lorenzo had some acquaintances, and stayed for several days at the house of Mr. Taylor, and were treated as if we were their children.

Now my sphere of life was altered. It was the first time I had been so far from home without my sister; she was like a mother to me, as I knew no other. My heart often trembled at what was before me, to be continually among strangers; being so little acquainted with the ways of the world, it made me feel like one at a loss how to behave, or what to do.

I orenzo was very affectionate and attentive to me. He left me at Albany with sister Taylor, who was going down to New York in a sloop. As I was very much fatigued by riding on horseback, he thought it best for me to go down with her, by water; while he went by land, rode one horse, and led the other. He arrived in New York perhaps four and twenty hours before me. I went on board, for the first time that I ever was on the wa-

ter, except to cross a ferry.

It made me somewhat gloomy to be on board the vessel among strangers, while going down the river to the city

of New York, as I had never been in such a place before. However, we' landed about ten o'clock at night, where I met Lorenzo, who had been on the look out for some time. We went to a friend's house, that had been very kind to him in days past. who then belonged to the Methodist church. I felt much embarrassed, as I had never been in the city before. We stayed in New York several weeks, and had some precious meetings. Here I became acquainted With some kind friends, who were to me like mothers and sisters; whilst Lorenzo left me and went to fulfil some appointments he had made in Virginia and North Carolina, and expecting only to be gone five or six weeks; but was detained, contrary to his expectation, near three months. In that time the fever, that was common in the city of New York, broke out, and I went with Mrs. Quackenbush to the country, about forty miles up the river, to a brother Willson's, where she carried her children to go to school-Here I stayed several weeks. They

were people of a handsome property; but the more we have the more we want, as has been observed by many: And I think it will hold good almost without exception; for they were as much engaged to gain property, as if they had only bread from hand to mouth. I was a stranger, and many times I felt as such, but the Lord gave me support, so that I was tolerable cheerful in the absence of my companion! Before he returned, I went back to New York, where I stayed until he came; and prepared to sail for Europe, which was some time in November. We obtained a protection from our government, when leaving the country for England. It was necessary to have witnesses to prove that he was the Lorenzo Dow that was identified and intended in the documents, which he had obtained from the United States of America. Consequently he got N. S. and J. Q. to go before a notary public, and certify that he was the same Lorenzo Dow referred to in the documents. Mr. N. S. gave in under oath, that "he knew

him from his youth, \* \* \* \*

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holy gospel!" And about the same time he wrote letters to Ireland and England, to make his way narrow in those countries. And no thanks to him that it did not bring Lorenzo into the greatest distress and difficulties that a man could have been brought into! But through the mercy of God it was otherwise overruled!

He gave me my choice, to go with him, or stay with friends in America, as there were many that told us I might stay with them, and be as welcome as their children; and strove to prevent my going to a land where I would find many difficulties and dangers to encounter that I was unacquainted with, and could not foresec. But I chose to go, and take my lot and share with him of whatever might befall us. Consequently, on the 10th of November, 1805, we set sail from New York for Liverpool, in Old England. We embarked about 10 o'clock, with a fine breeze. They spread their canvass, and were soon under way.

Lorenzo came into the cabin, and told me to go on deck, and bid farewell to my native land! I did so --and the city began to disappear! I could discover the houses to grow smaller and smaller; and at last could see nothing but the chimneys and the tops of the houses; then all disappeared but the masts of vessels in the harbour. In a short time nothing remained but a boundless ocean opening to view; and I had to depend upon nothing but the Providence of God! I went down into the cabin, and thought perhaps I should see my native land no more!

The vessel being tossed to and fro on the waves, I began to feel very sick, and to reflect I was bound to a foreign land; and, supposing I should reach that country, I knew not what awaited me there. But this was my comfort, the same God presided in England that did in America!—I thought if I might find one real female friend, I would be satisfied.

I continued to be sea-sick for near two weeks, and then recovered my health better than I had enjoyed it in my life before.

We were twenty seven days out of sight of land. The vessel being in a very bad situation, we had not been at sea more than five or six days, before the rudder began to fail; so they could not have commanded her at all, if the wind had been unfavourable.—The weather was very rough and stormy; but through the mercy of God, the wind was favourable to our course, so that we reached safe our place of destination.

When we arrived in the river at Liverpool, we were not permitted to land, until they could send up to London, and get returns from there, as our vessel came from a port subject to the yellow fever; on that account, we were obliged to stay in the river, for ten days, before we were permit-

ted to come on shore.

I never saw a woman for thirtyseven days, except one, who came along side our vessel, to bespeak the captain as a boarder at her house, when he should come on shore. I strove to pray much to God to give us favour in the eyes of the people, and open the way for Lorenzo, to do the errand that he came upon; and to give him success in preaching the gospel to poor sinners. The prospect was often gloomy. Lorenzo used to say to me, keep up your spirits—we shall yet see good days in Old England, before we leave it, as the sequel proved.

We went on shore the twentyfourth or fifth of December. Lorenzo had a number of letters to people in Liverpool. Some were letters of recommendation; others, to persons

from their friends in America.

We went with the master of the vessel to a boarding house, where I was left until Lorenzo went to see what the prospect might be, and whether he could meet with any that would open the way for him to get access to the people. After giving out all the letters but one, he returned to me: having been two or three hours absent without any particular success.

The house that I tarried at, was a boarding-house, for American captains; and the women that were there, were wicked enough !- My heart was much pained to hear my own sex taking the name of their Maker, and preserver, in vain! 0! thought I, shall I never meet again with any that love and fear God?-Lorenzo intended to go and find the person that the last letter was directed to, and told me I might either stay there or go with him. I chose to go with him, rather than be left with them any longer .- It was almost night, and we had not much to depend upon, without the openings of Providence. We started, but could not find the person for some time. However, at last, as we were walking. Lorenzo looked up to the corner, and happened to espy the name that he was after; accordingly we went up to the door, and gave a rap, and were admitted. He delivered the letter. There was a woman from Dublin, who seeing that we were strangers and foreigners, began to

enquire of Lorenzo, for some persons in America; and shortly after this, she asked him, if he had ever heard of a man by the name of Lorenzo Dow? Not knowing that any one in that country could have any knowledge of him, it was very surprising to me. He told her, that was his name, and she was as much surprised in her turn. She had seen him in Ireland, when he was there some years before; but did not know him now, as he had had the small pox after she had seen him, which had made a great alteration in his appearance.

The man of the house invited us to tarry all night, but the woman made some objections!—They were friends (quakers,) and told us, there was a quaker lady just across the street that kept a boarding house, where we could be accommodated with lodgings for the night. And as it was then something late in the evening, the man conducted us thither, where we

obtained permission to stay.

As Lorenzo had but little to depend upon but the openings of Providence,-he intended to go to Ireland, and take me to his friends, and leave me there; as he had wrote to that country and had returns from his old friend, Doctor Johnson, with an invitation for him to bring me; and that I should have a home at his house, as long as we chose, whilst he pursued his travels through Ireland and England. Lorenzo went and procured a passage across the channel, in a packet to Dublin; but did not sail for several days. So we had to stay in Liverpool for some time. Our board was more than two guineas a week, which was bringing Lorenzo very short as to money. At last we got on board of the packet, with our little baggage, and some provisions for the voyage; but the wind proved unfavourable, and we were driven back into the port of Liverpool again; and that was the case for no less than five times running.

Before this, our friend that we met at the Quakers, had introduced us to a family of people who were *Metho*dists, where the woman was a very affectionate friend; which opened the door for acquaintance, and we had been there several times.

Our landlady that we were boarding with told us we could not stay with her any longer, so we must go elsewhere, as her house was full.

The last time we went on board of the packet, and put to sea, we had not been out more than two or three hours before the wind blew a gale; and it was so dark that they could not see their hand before them on deck; and we knew not how shortly we might be cast on rocks or sand banks, and all sent to eternity. There were some on board, who before the storm came up, had been very profane in taking the name of their Maker in vain; but when they saw and felt the danger that they were in, they were as much alarmed as any persons could be!

I could not but wonder that people would or could be so careless and secure whilst they saw no danger, but when the waves began to roll, and the ship began to toss to and fro, they were struck with astonishment and horror!

My husband and myself lay still in the birth, and strove to put our trust in that hand that could calm the roaring seas; and I felt measurably composed. At day-light, the captain made for the port of Liverpool again, and about eight or nine o'clock in the morning, we came into the dock; but as we were coming in, under full sail, and a strong tide, there was a large ship, of the African trade, that was lying at anchor in the harbour; we ran foul of her, but through mercy were preserved from much harm!

The weather was very rainy, the streets were muddy, and I had walked through the mud for a considerable distance; the prospect was gloomy beyond description, but my Lorenzo cheered my spirits, by telling me, the Lord would provide, which I found to

be true!

We went to Mr. Forshaw's, the people that we were introduced to, by the friend that we saw at the Quaker's the first night we were in Liverpool. When my good friend, Mrs. Forshaw, now saw me returning, she was touched with pity for me, as I was very muddy and fatigued! She told Lorenzo he had better leave me with her, whilst he travelled through the country, until the weather was better; and then take me over to Ireland in the spring-which invitation we were very thankful for. O how the Lord provided for me in a strange land! where I had not any thing to depend upon but Providence!

My Lorenzo left me at her house, and proceeded up to London; where he was gone about two weeks. But previous to this the Lord had opened his way, so that he had held a number of meetings in Liverpool, and one woman had been brought to see herself a sinner, and seek the salvation of her

soul.

I was at this time in a state of \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, and my mind somewhat

depressed; but the Lord gave me favour in the eyes of the people, and they were very kind to me, while he was gone. I attended class-meetings and preaching, which was very refreshing to me. I felt to bless God, that I had found the same religion in that country, as I had experienced in my own native land. I was sometimes very much distressed in mind, for fear my husband should die, and I be left in a strange land. But he returned to me in the time he had appointed; and had several invitations to other parts of the country, to hold meetings, which he accepted.

I left Liverpool with him, for Warrington, where he had been invited, by a man that came to Liverpool on business; who not knowing there was such a person as Lorenzo in the country, but feeling, after he had done his business, like he wanted to go to a meeting, and wandering about for some time, when he at last went into a meeting-house that belonged to the people called Kilhamites, where Lorenzo had been invited to preach, and

found a congregation assembled to hear preaching; and after he had done, as the people were very solemn and attentive, and many were much wrought upon, this man invited Lorenzo to go to Warrington, where there was a little society of people called Quaker-methodists; and the meeting-house should be opened to bim. He did so, and found them a very pious people. We stayed there for several weeks, and he held meetings two and three times in the day; while the Lord began a good work in that place, and many were brought to rejoice in the Lord! Peter Philips, the man that invited Lorenzo there, and his wife, were very friendly to us, and their house was our home ever after, when we were in Warrington.

A widow lady who lived there, had three daughters, one of whom lived in London, and the other with her. She came out to hear Lorenzo preach; and one day after meeting, she came to Peter Philips, to see us, and was very friendly. Lorenzo asked her if she had any children? She told him

she had three; and that two were with her. He inquired if they professed religion? She told him that one of them had made a profession, but she had lost it, she was fearful; but that the youngest never had. He requested her to tell them to come and see him; but the mother insisted that he should come and see them; and then he could have an opportunity to converse with them at home. He did so; and they both became very serious, and came to his meetings. And although they had been very gay young women, they would come up to be prayed for in the public congrega-tion. The result was, they both got religion; and the youngest has since died happy in the Lord. The eldest came down from London on a visit to her mother's, where my Lorenzo saw her, and he was made an instrument in the hand of God, of her conversion to God. She was one of the most affectionate girls I ever saw!

We stayed in and about Warrington until May; in which time Lorenzo had openings to preach in different places, more than he could attend; and the Lord blessed his labours abun-

dantly to precious souls!

In May we returned to Liverpool, and prepared to cross the channel to Ireland. We had a very pleasant passage, and arrived in safety, where we found our kind friend, doctor Johnson and his family well; and were received with affection by many. The preachers that were in Dublin were very friendly, and I felt much united to them. We were invited to breakfast, dine, and sup, almost every day. But my situation being a delicate one, it made it somewhat \* \* \* \* \* to me! The friends were as attentive to me as I could have wished; for which may the Lord fill my heart with gratitude.

Lorenzo stayed with me for some time, and then went into the country, where he held many meetings, and the Lord was with him. After which he returned to Dublin, and with the doctor, he went over again to England. I staid with Mrs. Johnson until his return, where I expected to continue

until I should get through my approaching conflict, if it was the will of the Lord to bring me through. I felt in tolerable good spirits; and although I was many hundred miles from my native land, yet the Lord gave me favour in the eyes of the people. My wants were supplied, as it related to my present situation, abundantly!

Lorenzo stayed in England for six or eight weeks, and then returned to me, to be with me in my approaching conflict. He was very weak in body; but continued to preach two and three times in the day. He got some books printed, which enabled him to prosecute his travels through the countries

of Ireland and England.

Whilst he was absent, a woman had spoken to a doctor to attend me, when I should want him, which was not agreeable to my Lorenzo. But having gone so far, it was thought by those that employed him, that it was best not to employ any other; and I being unacquainted with the manners and customs of the country, was pas-

sive. My Lorenzo was much hurt, but I was not sensible of it, as much before as after. If I had, I should not have suffered it to have been so; but we often are mistaken in what will be hest for us.

The time arrived that I must pass through the trial, and my Lorenzo was at the doctor's. But those that attended on me would not suffer him to come into the room where I waswhich gave him much pain. I did not at that time know how much he was hurt-but after my child was born, which was on the 16th of September, between three and four o'clock, he was permitted to come in, and he had a white handkerchief on his head, and his face was as white as the handkerchief. He came to the bed, and took the child, observing to me, that we had got an additional charge-which if spared to us, would prove a blessing, or else one of the greatest trials that possibly we could have to meet with.—I expect Lorenzo passed through as great a conflict in his mind, as he had almost ever met with.

The Lord was my support at that time, and brought me safely through. The friends were very kind to me, and supplied my wants with every thing that was needful, and in about two weeks I was able to leave my room: my heart was glad, when I viewed my little daughter. She was a sweet infant. But O how shortlived are earthly joys! We stayed in Dublin until she was five weeks old; and then Lorenzo, with myself, and our little one, embarked on board a packet for Liverpool. The weather was rainy, and tolerable cold-therewas no fire in the cabin. There were a number of passengers, who thought themselves rather above the middle class, men and women, who were civil to us: but I was so much afraid that my little infant would be too much exposed, that I neglected myself, and probably took cold-we were two nights and one day on board the packet. We got into Liverpool about ten or eleven o'clock, where I was met by my good friend, Mrs. Forshaw; and went to her house, where

we stayed a day or two, and then took the stage for Warrington, about eighteen miles from Liverpool, where we arrived on Sunday morning. Our friends, Peter Philips and his wife, were at meeting. Lorenzo went to the chapel. The people were very much rejoiced to see him. They had been concerned for us, as they had not heard from us for some time. The friends from the country, many of whom came to see us, while Lorenzo had meetings in town and country, two and three times in the day; and the Lord was present to heal mourning souls.

Dr. Johnson came with us from Ireland. He was much engaged in helping to bring souls to the knowledge of the truth; and was, I trust, made an instrument of good to many:—Lorenzo and the doctor travelled into various places in Lancashire and Cheshire, with some other counties, and many were brought to see themselves sinners, and seek their soul's salvation.

The people in that country seemed to feel much for me, and manifested it by numberless acts of kindness. For, instead of having to sell my gown for bread, as Lorenzo told me I might have to do, when we were in America, there was scarcely a day but I had presents of clothing or money, to supply myself with whatever I needed. O how grateful ought I to be to my great Benefactor, for all his mercies to unworthy me!

My little "Letitia Johnson," for so was my child called, grew, and was a very fine, attracting little thing. I found my heart was too much set upon it, so that I often feared I should love her too well; but strove to give myself and all that I had to my God.

Lorenzo was in a very bad state of health, which alarmed me very much. I often cried to the Lord to take my child or my health, but spare my dear husband! The thought was so painful to me, to be left in a strange land, with a child, so far from my native soil!—The Lord took me at my word, and laid his afflicting hand upon me.

Lorenzo and the doctor went to Macclesfield, and expected to be gone about a week; and left me at Peter Philip's, where I was taken sick, the day they started, with the nervous fever—but kept up, and nursed my child, until two or three days before they returned. I thought I had taken a very severe cold, and should be better; but grew worse every day.

The friends were very kind to me, particularly Mary Barford, a young lady of fortune, who had got religion through the instrumentality of Lorenze. She attended me two and three times a day. After I got so as not to be able to sit up, she hired a girl to take care of my child. My fever increased very fast, and the night before Lorenzo got to Warrington, I thought I was dying, and those that were about me were very much alarmed, and sent for a doctor; he came, and administered something to me .-He said I was not dying, but then I was very sick! The next morning doctor Johnson and Lorenzo came; they found me in bed. The doctor thought perhaps I had taken cold, and it would wear off after giving me something to promote a copious sweat. But when he found that the fever continued to rise, he told us to prepare for the worst—for it was a nervous fever, and that it was probable it would carry me to a world of spirits.

I had continued to nurse my child for more than one week after I was taken sick, which was very injurious to her. The doctor forbade my suckling her any longer, which gave me much pain. They were obliged to take her from me and feed her with a bottle. My fever increased, and rose to such a height, that it was thought I could not survive many days! The doctor stayed with me, and payed every attention in his power, for twenty days and nights. Lorenzo was not undressed, to go to bed, for near three weeks, nor the doctor for nearly the same length of time.

My kind friends gave me every assistance in their power: they came from the country, for many miles distant, to see if we were in want of any

thing that they could help us to. May the Lord reward them for their kindness to me, in the day of adversity .-Our dear friend, Mary Barford, used to come every day two or three times to see me, and administer to my necessities; and many others came also. She was a precious girl, and although she had been raised in the first circle, would go into the houses of the poor, and supply their wants, and nurse and do for them like she had been a servant. Although Lorenzo was so broke of his rest and fatigued by night, yet he held meetings almost every day, some of which were a considerable distance from town; and as he was weak in body, our friend M. B. frequently hired a hack, to convey him to his appointments and back, so that he was with me the greatest part of the time.

I was very much reduced, so that I was almost as helpless as an infant.

There was a chair-maker's shop adjoining the house, and the room that I was confined in being most contiguous, the noise of the shop, to-

gether with that of the town, was very distressing to me-likewise the family was large, and the house small, so that it was very uncomfortable. We were under the necessity of having some person to sit up with me every night, for my fever raged to that degree I wanted drink almost every moment. The light was not extinguished in my room for six or eight weeks. My poor child was very fret-ful; the girl that nursed it would get to sleep and let it ery; this distressed my mind, and it was thought best by my friends to get some person to take it to the country, to be nursed there.

To be separated from my child was very painful to me; but as my life was despaired of by my friends, and as I myself had not much expectation that I should recover, I strove to give it up, knowing it would be best for the

child, and for me also.

There was a woman from Cheshire, who lived about ten miles distant from Warrington, that had no children—She came to see me, and offered to ke my baby and nurse it, until I

should die or get better-which was agreed to-so they made ready, and she took it! But O the heart-rending sorrow that I felt on the separation with my helpless little infant! Language cannot paint it! But the Lord was my support in that trying hour, so that I was enabled to bear it with some degree of fortitude. I was anxious to get well and return to America; but little did I know what awaited me on my native shore! My disorder affected my mind very much. Likewise I was very desirous to see my sister that raised me, once more in time; she was as near to me as a mother. We had heard that they had arrived safe at the Mississippi territory, and were like to do well.

At times I was very happy; and then at other times my mind was very gloomy, and sunk, as it were. The doctor said that he never saw any one's nerves so affected, that did not die, or quite lose their reason for a time. But I retained my senses and recollection as well as ever, although it seemed that I scarce slept at all!

As I was surrounded with noise, the doctor thought it would be better for me to be removed to a friend's house in the country, who lived about four miles from where I was. Accordingly they hired a long coach, and put a bed in it, and then a man took me in his arms, and put me in; and the doctor and Lorenzo got into the coach with me, and carried me four miles into the country, to a friend's house, where I had every attention paid me that I could wish for; and from that time I began to mend and recover.—This was about Christmas.

Lorenzo felt a desire to visit Ineland once more before he returned to America, and he wished to make arrangements to return in the spring; and if he did not go to Ireland in a short time, he could not go at all. I was at that time so low, that I could not get up, or assist myself so much as to get a drink of water—and it was doubtful whether I should recover

again or not.

He told me what he felt a desire to do, but added, that he would not go unless I felt quite willing. I told him, the same merciful God presided over us, when separated, as when we were together; and that he would provide for me, as he had done in a strange land, through my present illness: and wished him to go and do his duty! Accordingly, he hired a young woman to come and stay with me night and day.

He had to preach at a place about two miles from where I was, at night; and told me, perhaps he should not return that night; and if he did not he should not return to see me again, before he left that part for Ireland. However, I thought he would return to me again before he left England-but he, to save me the pain of parting, did not return, as I had expected, but took the coach for Chester, and so on to Hollyhead in Wales, there to embark for Dublin; and left the doctor to stay with me, until his return; which he did, and was as a father and friend to me in his absence.

Although I felt willing for him to go and blow the gospel trumpet, yet my heart shrunk at the thought of being left in a strange land, in my present situation, so weak that I could not put on my clothes without help: and my sweet little babe at a considerable distance from me, and amongst strangers. But the Lord was my support, and gave me strength to be, in some considerable degree,

resigned to the will of God!

Lorenzo went on the outside of the coach, exposed to the inclement weather, and to the rude insults of the passengers, until he got to Hollyhead, where he went on board a packet for Dublin, when he was both wet and cold, and was for four and twenty hours without food. But when he got to Mrs. Johnson's, he found her, as ever, a friend indeed: where he stayed until he got recruited, and then commenced his travels; whilst I was left behind, to encounter the most trying scene that I had ever met with.

My strength gradually increased, so that I was in a few weeks able to sit up and to walk about the room.—
The people that I was with, were as kind and attentive as they could be—

may the Lord reward them. But the doctor thought it would be best for me to go to another neighbourhood, as a change of air and new objects might contribute to my health; and I should be nearer my child, which was a pleasing thought to me. We got into a carriage, and went to a friend's house, eight or ten miles, where I had been invited and sent for. . We stayed a week or more, and then we went to another place, within two miles of my child, which I expected to see and clasp to my bosom! O how shortlived are all earthly enjoyments! I did see my sweet little babe once more! The woman that had her brought her to see me; my heart leaped with joy at the sight. The innocent smile that adorned her face! 0 how pleasing. I wished very much to keep her, but the doctor would not consent that I should undertake to nurse her. He said, I had not recovered my strength sufficient to go through the fatigue of nursing. But he that gave it, provided for it better than I could; he saw it best to transplant it in a happier soil than this; for in two or three days, the flower that began to bloom, was nipt by the cold hand of death, after a short illness of perhaps two or three days; my tender babe was a lifeless lump of clay, and her happy spirit landed on the peaceful shore of BLEST ETERNITY.

They kept me in ignorance of her sickness, until she was dead. I could not tell why my mind was so much distressed on the account of my child. I inquired of every one that I could see from where she was; but they would not tell me of her danger, until she was dead. I was then about four miles from her, where I had gone the day that she died. A kind sister walked that distance to let me know that my little Letitia was no more; lest some one should too abruptly communicate the heavy tidings; as my health was not yet restored, and it was feared that it would be attended with some disagreeable consequences! I was much surprised to see sister Wade come, as I had left her

house only the day before. The first question, I asked her how my child was? She made me no reply. It struck my mind very forcibly, that she was no more! I requested her to tell me the worst, for I was prepared for it-My mind had been impressed with a foreboding for some time! She told me my child was gone, to return no more to me! I felt it went to my heart, in sensations that I cannot express !- it was a sorrow, but not without hope-I felt my babe was torn from my bosom by the cruel hand of death! But the summons was sent by him that has a right to give and take away. He had removed my innocent infant far from a world of grief and sin! perhaps for my good; for I often felt my heart too much attached to it; so much, that I feared it would draw my heart from my duty to my God! O the danger of loving any creature in preference to our Saviour! I felt as one alone-my Lorenzo in Ireland -my child was gone to a happier clime! I strove to sink into the will of God; but the struggle was very severe, although I thought I could say, "The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away, and blessed be the name of the Lord!"

The day that my child was carried to Warrington, to be interred in the burying ground of the quaker-methodists, about ten miles from where she died, I felt as though I must see her before she was consigned to the dust, to be food for worms. They had to carry the corpse by the house that I was at-my friends opposed it so warmly, urging my present state of health as a reason. I thought perhaps it would be best, and strove to compose myself, and use my reason, and resign my all into the hands of the Lord-it was a severe struggle, but the Friend of sinners supported me under all my afflictions.

They carried my sweet little Letitia, and consigned her to the tomb, there to rest until the last trump shall sound, and the body and spirit be reunited again: and then we shall see

how glorious is immortality!

I wrote to my Lorenzo the day that our child died; he did not get it, but wrote to me, and mentioned, that he wished to see me and the child, which opened afresh the wound that had been received-but he got the news by way of Mrs. Johnson. He wrote to me, that he intended to return to America in the spring, which I was very anxious for. My health began to get better, so that I was able to walk two miles at a time, as walking was very customary among the people in that country. I felt a desire to return to Warrington, which I did in a canal boat, and was kindly received by my good friends and benefactors, Peter and Hannah Philips, with many others that had contributed to my comfort, while afflicted with sickness and distress. I stayed in the town of Warrington for several weeks, with my friends, and was frequently at the little chapel, where my sweet little infant's remains were deposited—and I often felt a pleasure of the sweetest kind, in contemplating that my child had escaped all the vanities and dangers of this treacherous and uncertain world, for the never-fading glories of paradise, where I hoped, when life should end, I should meet her to part no more!—notwithstanding, I felt the loss very sensibly.

I wrote to Lorenzo from that place, and received an answer, which was calculated to console my heart, and comfort me under my present affliction. He desired me to meet him in Liverpool, on the first of March, which I did. I went by the way of Frodsham, in Cheshire, down the river, in a large flat, with a man and his wife, that were employed to bring the rock for making salt. The river had been frozen considerably, and was full of ice; and when the tide came in, it appeared very alarming to me; but after a little the boat got under way. and we had a tolerable pleasant sail down the river to Liverpool, where I met with Mr. and Mrs. Forshaw, my kind friends that had succoured me in days past, when I had no one to depend upon on that side of the great ocean!-They still were, as ever,

friendly; where I stayed until near the middle of March, when Lorenzo returned from Ireland, which made

my heart rejoice!

We left Liverpool in a canal boat for the country, and visited several towns, where Lorenzo preached to numerous congregations. The people were remarkably attentive. There was a pleasant prospect opened before him, and he received more invitations to preach in different parts of the

country than he could attend.

There had a number of people determined to come from Ireland to America with us; and were accordingly to meet us in Liverpool in April. Consequently, we had but a few weeks to stay in and about Warrington. I had become so much attached to the friends, that it was truly painful to part with them. Our friends came from various parts of the country to bid us farewell; and we had sweet and melting times together, not expecting to meet again until we should meet in a blissful eternity.

We left Warrington for Lymn, where Lorenzo preached, and bid the people farewell! They were much affected. We parted with a hope of meeting in a better and a happier world. From thence we went to Preston-Brook; where Lorenzo preached again another farewell. It was a precious time to many. From there to Frodsham—the people flocked round him with the greatest affection, for there the Lord had blessed his labours in a peculiar manner to the souls of many. He preached to them for the last time, and bid them an affectionate farewell, while they were bathed in tears, seemingly as much pained as though they were parting with a parent.

From thence he went to Chester, the most ancient city, perhaps, in that country, except Loudon! He left me to come in the coach a few days after, whilst he visited the country adjacent. Accordingly I met him on the day appointed, and we stayed some time in Chester. It was a great curiosity, as it was built on the most ancient con-

struction: being walled in, quite round, and the outside of the wall very high; there was a trench dug on the outside, and it was walled up from that. The top of the wall was wide enough for a carriage to pass, with a breast-work sufficiently high to prevent any thing from falling over, and upon the inside was another similar!

The antiquity of the houses, and the nobleness of the public buildings, struck me with a solemnity that I cannot express. My thoughts ran to times that had gone by, when those that had laid the foundation of these walls were animated with life and activity! Where are they now? They have gone to a world of spirits—and we must shortly follow them! And those that take our place, will wonder at the labour of our hands in like manner!

The country is truly delightful that surrounds the city of Chester. It was in the spring when I was there, when every thing wears a pleasing appearance.

The people were very hospitable and kind, at least they were so to me.

We left Chester for Liverpool in a little sail-boat, and the river was something rough. There was a number of passengers, which made it quite unpleasant; but we arrived safe in the evening, where we met our friends from Ireland, that intended to come to America with us. Lorenzo had made the necessary preparations for the voyage; and he had chartered the cabin and steerage for the accommodation of passengers, at a lower rate than he could have got it, if there had been but two or three.

The first ship that he engaged to transport us to our native soil, sprang a leak as she was coming out of dock; got injured by some means, and had to unlade, and get it repaired; so that it delayed her sailing for some time longer. But as we were in readiness to leave the country, Lorenzo met with another, where he could obtain accommodations at a better rate: he accordingly made a bargain with the captain for a passage, in her, and every thing being prepared for our voyage, on the sixth of May we hoisted

sail and weighed for America, which gave me a very pleasant sensation; after having been in England and Ireland about eighteen months, and experiencing many kindnesses and favours from the people; and that Lorenzo was made an instrument in the hand of a gracious God, in bringing many precious souls to the knowledge

of the truth.

On the first day, in the morning, we had a very pleasant breeze, but the fog springing up, it was something gloomy for several days-but by that means we avoided the ships of war, that were very numerous on the coast of England; and as Lorenzo and myself had no legal passports from that country, the law being such, that aliens were much put to it to travel in that kingdom; and particularly those that were in Lorenzo's capacity, such as preachers: they must first take the oath of allegiance to the king of England, and get a license to preach, or they are subject to a fine for every sermon they should preach, of twenty pounds each; and every

house must be licensed also, or the man that owned it was subject to a fine of twenty pounds; and every person that heared preaching there, were likewise liable to pay five shillings! But Lorenzo, in the first place, could not take the oath that was requested, to obtain that license—he thought as he had left his native land, not to gain worldly honour or applause, he could still trust that Providence, who had guided his course through the great deep, and brought him through many dangers and difficulties in his own country, so he strove to do his duty, and leave the event to God.

We had a very pleasant voyage, except the passengers were generally sick, for more than a week, except my husband and self. I was never better in health in my life—but they recovered their health and spirits after a few days; and we had some very good times on board. Lorenzo preached to the people on Sundays, and we had prayers night and morning, when the weather would admit. We had plenty of the necessaries of life to make us comfortable.

We were near six weeks on our passage. Some time towards the last of June, we saw the long-wished for land of America, which I so earnestly desired to behold once more. The beautiful country and town of New Bedford, in Massachusetts, presented to view, where we landed, and was kindly received.

The people that professed religion were chiefly quakers, and those who stiled themselves Christians. Lorenzo held several meetings in the town, which was very satisfactory to many.

After staying near two weeks in Bedford, Lorenzo, with nearly all the passengers that were in the ship, went on board a packet for New York; and left me to come round with the other women in the ship, to Virginia, and to meet him in Richmond.

We parted, and I had to stay nearly two weeks before the ship sailed; they were taking out the lading, and preparing her for a fresh cargo when they should arrive at Virginia. It was about the time that the ship Chesapeake was fired upon by the British!

We sailed from New Bedford about the first of July, and had tolerable pleasant weather, though we were lonely, not having any company but us three women. We got into Chesapeake Bay at evening, and passed one of the armed vessels belonging to the British, and expected them to have stopped us, as it had been reported that they were in the habit of requiring the captains of American vessels to pull down their colours to them, or else firing upon them. However, we passed unmolested, except that they hailed us; but it being dark, we got by. Sister Wade was very much alarmed: but I felt so much of the spirit of Independent America, that I did not wish my country's flag to be disgraced in our own waters. In the morning we came into Hampton Roads, where we anchored and stayed several days, in sight of the British ships of war, while the captain took a boat and went to Norfolk to seek for a cargo.

We were in a very unpleasant situation, as we had no one on board

that we could place any real confidence in; but Providence provided for us, and we met with no insults from any. The captain returned at night, and the next morning we set sail for City Point. The day was delightful, and the scenes that surrounded were truly pleasing. The river seemed by the bends to be inclosed in on every side; and the banks to be covered with all the beauties that summer could produce, which gave my mind a pleasant sensation, when I reflected that it was my native country-my beloved America! But little did I know what awaited me in my native land!!!

We sailed on very pleasantly through the day, and about eight or nine o'clock we arrived at City Point. The ship was in the river, until her lading was brought down from Richmond in lighters. The weather was getting very warm, and we were obliged to stay on board until we could get an opportunity to go to Richmond, which, by land, was not more than twentyfive miles; but by water it was, perhaps, twice as far. And here time passed away very heavily, until the master of the ship went up to Richmond on business, and hired a hack to return; consequently we embraced the opportunity, when it returned, to get a seat in it up to Richmond, leaving our trunks and other things to be brought up by the boats, that were to bring down the lading for the ship.

We bid farewell to the ship, where I had been confined the most of the time for near three months; and it was a happy day for me, although I was in a part of the continent that I had never been in before. I felt as though I could kiss the ground: but my companion, Mrs. Wade, her mind was occupied in quite a different way,—she was thousands of miles from her native land, while I was breathing my native air.

We arrived in Richmond about one or two o'clock, and stopped at the "Bell Tavern," strangers to all that we saw: however, I had received a direction where to go, and make myself known; which I did, at a brother

Foster's, and when they learned who I was, received us very kindly: but it was a severe trial, it being the first time I had been obliged to call on friends, without any one to introduce me. But the Lord provided for me, and I found many friends in that place: we stayed there some days.

Brother Wade and Lorenzo came and met us, and the latter held several meetings, and we had good times with the brethren. There I saw the girl that brother Mead has since mar-

ried.

Lorenzo had bought a span of mules before he went to Europe; and they were to be broke for a carriage by the time he should return; but they were taken and put into a waggon, and so broke down that they were unfit for use. He had paid eighty pounds for them just before he left the continent; this was the beginning of trouble to him.

We obtained the loan of a gig from one of our friends, to carry us up as far as Cumberland, to Mr. John Hobson's, who had been a great friend to

Lorenzo in days that were past and gone, and still appeared to be such: here he traded off his mules with a man, for a horse and gig not worth half the money that he payed for them; but he could do no better, as we were under the necessity of going to the north, to make ready to go to the Mississippi, where my relations had gone, and I was very anxious to go. But O the heart-felt sorrow they were the cause of to me and my companion after!

We left our friend's house, and started for the north.—As we had written to my sister in the Mississippi, on our first arrival in America, but had got no answer from them, I felt very desirous to hear from her, as she was as a mother to me in my infant

days-I loved her dearly.

We went through New London and Lynchburg, where we met with many friends, and attended a Camp-Meeting in Amherst; from thence to New Glasgow, where Lorenzo preached at night: we stayed at an old gentleman's house, who was very friendly.

Thence we continued our journey to a camp-meeting near George-Town, where we stopped and stayed until the meeting broke up. Our horse was at some person's place, to be kept, and I expect got nothing to eat-for we only went from the camp-meeting to Leesburg, and from there to another little town, which was two short days' travel; but before we reached there he tired, and Lorenzo was obliged to trade him away for an old horse that was not worth but a little more than half as much! However, he answered our purpose, so that we got on to New York, where I met with some friends that I had seen before; which were the first faces that I had met with for two years that I had ever beheld before, which gave me much satisfaction!

We stayed at New York for several weeks, and then started for New England, to visit Lorenzo's father. I had never seen him, nor any of the family, except one sister: it was a very great cross to me; but we arrived at his father's some time in Sep-

tember, and was joyfully received by our father, there being none of the family with them, except one daughter, and one grandson. There my Lorenzo could contemplate the days of youth; for that was the place of his birth, and of his rambles in childhood: the place where he first sought the path of righteousness-the way to peace and true happiness, in this world and that which is to come! The house from where his honoured mother had taken her flight to a happier clime-where once he had enjoyed her company, with the rest of the family; but now were separated hundreds of miles asunder!

Lorenzo held several meetings in the neighbourhood, and had tolerable solemn times: but the society that he once belonged to was quite gone! Some had died, and others had moved away, while others had gone back into the world, and lost their love to Christ and his cause, which made him feel very awful! His father was a worthy old man, a kind friend, an affectionate parent—he was every thing that was

good in his family. I thought I could have done the part of a child for him, if I might have the privilege; but I felt a strong desire to see my sister,

in the Mississippi.

We went to Tolland, where Lorenzo had sent an appointment to preach at a Methodist meeting-house, and I did not expect to return to his father's any more; but Lorenzo's sister from Vermont coming down to her father's, we returned, and stayed two or three days longer.

Lorenzo sold his gig and horse to a preacher, and bought his brother-in-law's horses, to return to New York, where he had made an engagement with a man to make him a light waggon, which was to be ready on his re-

turn for the South.

We left his father's on horse-back, after bidding them farewell: but as I had not been accustomed to travel in that mode for a long time, it was very fatiguing to me, so that I could not endure it; and when I got within about forty miles of New York, I was obliged to go by water the remainder

of the way, while Lorenzo rode one horse and led the other. He arrived there some time before me, and had gone to the country, about ten or twelve miles from the city, to preach, but returned that night. We stayed a week or more until our waggon was ready for us to start; then bidding our friends farewell, proceeded on our journey.

Lorenzo had given out appointments all the way to Virginia, and had tolerable hard work to keep up with them-we had to travel nearly one whole night over the mountain from Frederick-Town to the Potomac river, which we crossed about two

o'clock in the morning.

Lorenzo's appointment was some distance the other side of the river; we lay down, and as soon as it was light we started again, and reached the court-house just as the people had assembled. I went to a friend's house, while Lorenzo preached to the people. After meeting we went on to the next appointment, where he preached again at night also: and so continued on our

journey, until we arrived in Virginia. Lorenzo preached every day, once, and twice, and three times; and when we arrived at Winchester, he preached twice to large congregations.— From thence we went to a Camp-Meeting, where I saw brother Grober, a presiding elder, that I had been acquainted with a number of years ago,

which was very satisfactory to me. We left the camp-ground in the morning for Staunton, where Lorenzo had an appointment at night. It was threatening to rain in the morning when we started, and about twelve o'clock it began, and rained almost as fast as I ever saw it: we were in an open waggon, and I was wet through and through. As it continued to rain excessively all the afternoon, when we arrived at Staunton it was almost dark, and the people had assembled for meeting; Lorenzo had not time to take any refreshment, but went and preached in his wet clothes. We were received with coolness by the family that we stayed with, although he was acquainted with them before-but

that is nothing uncommon; man is so changeable in his nature, that we may find him at one time all friendship, and perhaps the next day he is as cool as need be. Hence I have found it necessary to strive to take it as it comes; to be thankful for friends, when I find them; and to be satisfied when I have them not.

It was on Saturday night that we got to Staunton, and Lorenzo intended to stay until Monday morning. On Sunday morning brother Wade came from New London to meet us, and carry me home with him; and Lorenzo had calculated on leaving me at Hobson's, in Cumberland, while he went to the Mississippi territory; consequently he thought it best for me to go to New London with brother Wade, who was anxious for me to go and stay with his wife a few months, as she was a stranger in this country; and my coming to America in company with her, it made us like sisters indeed. It was a trial to my mind to part with my companion for nine or ten months; as I did not expect to be with him but a few days, even if I went on to Cumberland with him, as he then must leave me, and start for the country where my sister lived: accordingly we parted, and I went home with brother Wade. This was on Sunday, and he was to leave Staunton the next morning. My spirits were very much depressed; but I did not know what laid before me. I arrived in New London in safety, and was kindly received by sister Wade, and had got tolerably composed, when I received a letter from Lorenzo. which gave me an account of the imprudence of my sister that lived in the Mississippi-but it was in so dark a style that I did not comprehend it fully, as I could not believe that she would be guilty of such enormities .-I thought some one had charged her without grounds: that was some consolation to me, as I hoped it was not true. I was in hopes that he would come through New London, and give me a more full account of the circumstance; but he could not, consistently with his arrangements. I was in great distress of mind on her account, as she had been a great professor of religion, and the cause must suffer by her falling so foully: and the disgrace attending it was almost unbearable. Brother Mead and his wife came through New London on their way to Georgia, and brought the news tha Lorenzo was not coming through that place, which made my heart almost sink within me. I felt as though the trial was more than I could bear—but this was but the beginning of sorrow.

I stayed at brother Wade's for more than two months, and was kindly treated by him and his wife, and many others; and had many good times in meeting with the children of God, to worship him. The letter that I had received from Lorenzo in Cumberland, had stated that my sister had been guilty of very improper conduct, but that she was penitent. But when Lorenzo got to Georgia, he received a letter from brother Blackman, stating that she had escaped from her husband with a young man, and had gone over the line into the Spanish

country, to elude the displeasure of their connexions. It was then an undeniable fact that she was really guilty--and Lorenzo wrote to me from Georgia a full account of the circumstance, which gave me the severest wound that I had ever felt. To have heard of her death, O how much more preferable !- but I had no other way, but must submit. My dear sister, that lay so near my heart, had strayed so widely from the path of rectitude-it was such a heart-rending affliction, I thought it was almost more than I could bear! It appeared impossible that she could be so far lost to her own honour, and the love that she had manifested to the cause of God, and the presperity of Zion, as to be guilty of such an atrocious crime. But so it is, that some who make the greatest show of religion, wound it the deepest. So it was in this case: She had professed to have experienced the blessing of religion for many years; and was as much opposed to any thing that had the appearance of imprudence in her own sex, as any

person that ever I knew. She was married when young to a man that was inferior to her, in point of talents, and was not calculated to get the world, as the saying is, as much as many others-and she possessed a very proud spirit, together with a very quick temper; and he not having as mild a disposition as might be, they were unhappy in their union, which was attended with many disagreements. He was subject to intoxication, and that was frequently the cause of much misery between them! I was witness, many times, to such conduct on both sides, that gave me the greatest pain of any thing that could have befallen me. I often would beg my sister to say nothing, but her turbulent disposition was such, that I have thought she would almost suffer death, rather than submit to any one.

They lived in that way for many years.—She was very industrious, and strove hard to live; but he was negligent, and often spent more than he made! They removed, when they were first married, into the state of

New York, about ninety miles from the place of their nativity, where they lived five or six years; she had religion at that time, and he opposed her very much, as she had joined the Baptist church before she left New England; but after leaving her Christian friends, and having so much opposition, she had lost her religion almost entirely, and become like the rest of the world. At that time the Methodists came into the neighbourhood, and she became acquainted with them, and would have joined their society, but her husband would not permit itbut she attended their meetings, and was much engaged at that time. My brother-in-law took it into his head to remove to Fort Stanwix, on the Mohawk river, within seventy or eighty miles of the line of Canada, and she backslid again, not having any to converse with but those that were unacquainted with God or themselves! O how prone we are to forget the obligations we are under to our Saviour, notwithstanding it is on his bounty we live! we are indebted to him for every mercy that we enjoy! She continued to live in that careless way for several years, until I was, perhaps, eighteen years of age, and the Methodists found her out again, and I got under distress for my soul: and she was stirred up again, and I believe had religion. My brother-in-law opposed us with all his might. They had got in a tolerable good way before this, and there was a prospect that they might live comfortable, as to the things of this life; but he possessed such an uneasy disposition, that he could never be satisfied unless he was trading, and he had but a poor talent for that business. He sold his plantation, that he could have made a comfortable living upon, to a man that was a sharper, on trust, and took no security—the man sold his property, and cleared himself, without making any compensation for the land. This was a very great affliction to my sister, as she had made every exertion for a living that a woman could do. and strove in every way she could to prevent his selling his place-but all

to no purpose. He carried on a great stroke at drinking, and spending his time for nought: she was harrassed and troubled on every side, not enjoying that satisfaction in religion she had formerly done—it made her truly wretched! I strove to comfort her in every way that I could—We supported the family by our labour, weaving, spinning, and sewing, and any kind of work that we could do.

This continued for more than twelve months, and then he took a little farm of about fifty acres of land, with a comfortable house for a small family, that suited us very well; the rent being small, he could have lived as well as need be, if he would have been industrious. He was of a turn that was rather indolent and careless, but my sister and myself kept the family in tolerable comfortable circumstances.

It was at that time that the Methodist preachers came into the neighbourhood, and preached the gospel to poor lost sinners—my heart was wrought upon, and I set out to seek the sulvation of my soul. My sister heard the pleasing sound with gladness, but my brother-in-law was violently opposed to them, and strove in every way that he could to prevent us from going to meeting; but I felt determined to seek the Lord with all my heart, come what would, and strive to save my soul! It was near twelve months before I joined Society, or my sister; but at last we broke through and joined the people called Methodists-and I have never seen the time that I was sorry that I east my lot with them; but I have often lamented that I did not live nearer to the gospel rules that they teach!

After we had joined society, my brother in-law became somewhat more softened, and let us have more peace, and would sometimes go to meeting; but he still continued to go on in the same evil practice of spending his time in the most unprofitable way—but the preachers and people that feared God ceased not to pray for him, and at last he was brought to see his situation, and the danger of living

in sin, and set about the work of his own salvation; and I doubt not but he experienced the pardon of his sins .-O the joy that was felt on this occasion! we had, as it were, a heaven begun below! He became a new man, and Providence seemed to bless us on every side-and we continued to enjoy the consolations of religion for several years, and the Lord prospered us in all our undertakings until after I was married; and they started for the Mississippi, and my husband and myself parted with them: we were coming for New York, and from thence to sail for Europe.

They went to that country, and it appeared they left all the prudence that they ever possessed behind them; for when they arrived, he, it appeared, thought that he could launch into building mills, not counting the cost that he must be at, but calculating that Lorenzo, when he returned from his tour in Europe, would pay all expenses—he ran into debt for land that had a mill seat upon it, and began to

erect a mill.

Some people were much pleased with them, as they appeared to be engaged in religion. My sister was very much respected by the people, both religious and irreligious-but O the danger we are exposed to while in this world. She was possessed of good natural abilities, and considerable acquired knowledge, and was the last person I should have thought would have conducted in the way she did; but we have need to watch and pray, lest we enter into temptation. She had lived with her husband for twenty years at least, and I never heard or knew any thing laid to her charge of that nature, before or after her marriage-and she had been a guide to me in my youth, and I suppose, possessed as great a sense of honour as any person I ever knew. But how it was I cannot tell: she fell into a snare of the enemy, and became a prey to the most unaccountable of all vices. There was a young man, that was a most abandoned character and principle, that was taken into the family, that she

was fond of by some means; and there was -a criminal intercourse between them for several months before it was discovered. She was in society, and thought to be very pious, but at last it was mistrusted by some, and a plan laid to detect them, which was accomplished—and when it was proved upon her, she gave some marks of penitence, and her husband would have made friends with her; but when the devil gets the advantage of poor infatuated mortals, he makes the best improvement of it in his power. So it was in this case; for I expect her sorrow was but slight, if she was in the least affected with sorrow—for as soon as she found that Lorenzo and myself had returned to America, she laid every plan to make her escape with that wretched young man, into the Spanish country, which she effected, and left her husband in a state of mind almost frantic: he had more affection for her than I once thought him capable of. He went after her, and strove to get her to return, but she would not. I do not think there

ever was as permanent a union between them as was necessary for happiness. O the *misery* of many that are joined in the holy bands of *matrimony*: for the want of due consideration they rush into that state, and are wretched for life.

When she completed her wicked plan, information was communicated · to us-my Lorenzo had left me, and started for that country. No one can paint the heart-felt sorrow that I experienced on receiving the information! I felt as though I was deprived of almost all my earthly comfort! I felt I could not believe it possible that she could have acted in that miserable, disgracéful manner; but it was even so! Many have been the nights that I have wet my pillow with tears upon her account, but all to no pur-O that it may be a warning to me to watch and pray, lest I enter into temptation! Lorenzo went on, and found my poor brother-in-law in a wretched state of mind, and every thing that he had was in a ruinous condition; and furthermore, they had

run so deeply in debt that it was impossible for my brother-in-law to extricate himself from it. He had made a contract with a couple of girls for a tract of land that had a mill-seat upon it, and began to build a mill, without a title to the land! When Lorenzo came, he wished Lorenzo to assist him to procure the land, that he might not be in danger of losing his labour. Lorenzo felt a very great reluctance to engage in any thing of the kind, but by the persuasion of friends he was prevailed upon to make a contract with the girls for the land, and likewise paid the old man for his labour, as he desired to return to the state of New York. There was considerable less than one hundred acres, with a log cabin upon it-he paid a very enormous price, which was a great disadvantage; as Lorenzo was not a man that felt a freedom to have much to do with the world, except when he could not well avoid it. After he had got the place, he scarcely knew what to do with it: The mill was not finished; there was

a dam and mill frame, but the dam had broke, and it was uncertain whether it could be made to stand, as the banks of the stream that it was erected on were so subject to wash in times of high water. There was a man who thought he could make it stand: Lorenzo made an offer to him of the place, if he would take it, and make a mill upon it, he should have one half of the mill. Accordingly he undertook, and repaired the dam, so that it sawed some that winter. He intended to tear up the old foundation, and build entirely on another plan-and was to have the use of the old mill until he should get the other finished.

People in that country appeared anxious that Lorenzo should come to that part of the world, and get a residence: they talked that they would assist us in any thing that we needed; and as Lorenzo thought that it might be best to prepare for sickness, and for whatever might befall us, he concluded to come for me and bring me with him to that country. I had felt a great desire to go to the Mississip-

pi, before my friends had conducted themselves in that wretched way, but now I felt a reluctance to going, for it appeared to me that I could not hold up my head in the place, where my own sister had disgraced herself and me. My heart recoiled at the thought of being a mark, as I knew I must, for people to look at, and say, That is a sister to such a woman; and she had been guilty of an odious crime. But as my Lorenzo thought it would be best for me to go, I made no objection. He returned in June to Cumberland, in Virginia, and we started for the North, and went on to New York, where we stayed a few days-and from thence to Albany, where Lorenzo left me, and continued to journey on to his father's, in Connecticut, being gone six or seven weeks.

I stayed in Albany part of the time, and Troy, and I also went to see my brother, that lived near Schenectady! he did not profess religion, but was friendly to it—I stayed there a few

days.

There was a Camp-Meeting within eight or ten miles, where I expected to meet Lorenzo: my brother and his wife went with me to the place on the commencement of it, and there to my great joy I met my companion, with many others of my acquaintance, that I had been acquainted with many years before. The meeting was attended with good to many—we stayed until the close, and then we went with some very kind friends to Troy, who gave Lorenzo a good suit of clothes, and were as affectionate to us as people could be.

My brother-in-law, who came from the Mississippi, had been to the place that he left when he removed to the South; was at the meeting, and came down to Troy after us, as Lorenzo was to let him have some books on the account of his labour at the Mississippi—he did so—but this was not the end of trouble to us. It gave me inexpressible pain to see the man that I thought had been the cause, in one sense, of the destruction of my poor sister; for he had been an unkind

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husband in the days that were past. Although I could not excuse her, yet I believe, if he had done as he ought, . she never would have become what she did. But they were not equally yoked together: he had some good traits in his character, but he was indolent, and a bad economist, -- consequently kept them behind hand. She was industrious, and would have managed well, if she had been united to a man that would have stood in HIS place, and made her known, and kept HER's-for she possessed a turbulent disposition. But he was neither a good husband, nor a good manager: that made her fret at him, and he would not take it from her. Thus it was a means of their living a considerable part of their time in discontent: but after they both experienced religion, they lived more agreeable, until they removed to the Mississippi, and she fell in with that young man, who proved her ruin.\*

From a train of circumstances, which correspond and hang together like a chain of truth, it appears, that there was a combination of Deists, one of whom was a physician,

We parted with our friends at Troy, after getting a small waggon and two horses, and what little we could get together, and started across the country to the Western waters, in company with a young man that came with us from Europe, and a brother Valentine, from the state of New York, who wished to go to that country. We travelled with as little, expense as possible, through the state of Pennsylvania, and struck the Ohio River at Wheeling, where we stayed for near two weeks, at a Quaker's, who was very kind to me. Lorenzo strove to get a passage in a flat-bottomed boat, where they frequently took horses, carriages, and produce, with families that are wishing to remove to that country-but he could not obtain one that would take his horses, consequently he was under the necessity of taking his horses through by land: he met with a person who was going

sought the overthrow of the family: through the object of temporal gain, (they being a family connection of those who owned the mill-seat,) and to bring a stigma upon the cause of religion!—She was considerably over forty years of age at this time of her life!

down the river with a loaded barge to Natchez—they engaged to carry me with some trunks, and other baggage. These people were friendly Quakers, who owned the boat that Lorenzo had engaged my passage in. But they were not ready to sail for some time; accordingly Lorenzo left me with the young man that came with us from Europe, to go down the river in this boat, while lie went on by land. I felt very gloomy to be left among strangers, and to go on board a boat with a company of men, without one woman for a companion.

But the people in Wheeling were very kind to me while I stayed there, after Lorenzo left me, which gave me much satisfaction. They provided me with many necessaries for the voyage, such as sugar, and tea, and other things to make me comfortable, for which may the Lord reward them.

I stayed at Wheeling between one and two weeks after Lorenzo left me. In that time the people who owned the boat sold it to a couple of doctors from Virginia, with all that appertain-

ed to it; but they made a reserve for me still to go in the boat. This was a very trying time to me: the people that owned the boat, when Lorenzo applied for me to go down in it, were plain Quakers, and they promised Lorenzo to take good care of me; but the man that had bought the boat was quite of a different appearance, although he was in a gentleman's garb. The young man that was with me went as a hand to help work the boat; -we went on board at evening-the barge was laden with flour and cider, and various kinds of produce that were fitted for the Natchez; -there was a small cabin, where there were two births, where three or four persons might sleep tolerably comfortable. There I was obliged to rest at night: and there was a small vacancy between this cabin and the other part of the boat, where they had run up a small chimney, where they could cook provisions. In this gloomy situation I was fixed to start for the Mississippi, where I knew I must meet with

many trials, if ever I should reach there.

The river, at the time when we started, was very low, and we made but slow progress for many days together. I could not set my foot on land—shut up in a boat, with none but men, and those of that class who neither feared God or man: though they, for the most part, treated me with civility. None can tell how disagreeable such a situation is, but those who have passed through some things similar.

We left Wheeling about the last of Cetober. The boat stopped at Lymestone in Kentucky, for part of one day and a night: there Lorenzo had some acquaintances; and when they found out that I was on board of this boat; some of them came down to see me, and invited me to go on shore and stay the night, which I accepted with

thankfulness.

I had some hope that Lorenzo would arrive there before the boat would start in the morning. O how anxiously I looked out for him, but he

did not come—and I had to go on board the boat very early in the morning, and continue on my journey with a very heavy heart. My mind was much depressed—the prospects before me were dark, when I should reach my place of destination: and the weather was uncommonly cold for that climate and season.

After being confined on board of a boat for six weeks, we reached the mouth of Byopeare, about twelve miles from Gibson Port, which was forty miles from Natchez. We left the boat, myself and the young man that was with me-took our things to a public house; but that was ten or twelve miles from the place that we wished to get. I had never been in that country before, but Lorenzo had several times; and hence I had some grounds to expect I should find some friends, as many of them had manifested a desire that I should come to that country: but my sister had conducted in such a manner, that it made my way difficult; and how to get to the neighbourhood that I wished to go to, I did not know.

However, brother Valentine, thatcame with us from the state of New York, travelled by land with Lorenzo as far as Lymestone, and then put his horse on board of a boat, and worked his passage down to the same place that I was at. I landed at night, and he came in the morning-so that I was provided for. We left our things at this public house, and I rode the horse, while he and the young man walked about twelve miles through the mud. This was about the twelfth of January. We stayed at Gibson Port that night, about four miles from the place where my sister had lived, and brought such a stain on the cause of religion. We were all strangers; but Lorenzo had wrote to some friends that we were coming-and furthermore, he had requested them if I should arrive before him, that they would take care of me until he should come.

We left Gibson Port and went to the neighbourhood of the mill, to the house of Samuel Cobun. He did not profess religion, though he was very

kind and humane; but he had two sisters, that were members of the Methodist church. He had no wife living, and they lived with him to take care of his family-they had been friends to my sister, when she first went to that country. They received me, apparently with affection, which was a consolation to my heart; for I expected to meet with many a cool look on the account of my poor unfortunate sister; which I expect I did; but I do not blame them, as it had given them so much pain—but I could not help it. However, I stayed at Mr. Cobun's until Lorenzo came; as those that professed religion seemed not to take much notice of me. When Lorenzo left me at Wheeling, he went on through the state of Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee, and so on through the Indian country to the Mississippi territory.

A man that was a Methodist and preached, who had appeared very friendly to Lorenzo in days that were past, to whom Lorenzo had written, and requested him, if I should reach

there before him, that this friend would permit me to stay with him, until he should arrive! But he did not seem very anxious that I should stay at his house: he came over to Mr. Cobun's, which was six or seven miles, to see me, and requested me to come and see them; as though I had been fixed in a comfortable situation, with every thing that I needed. But it was quite the reverse with me; I had neither house nor friends in that country, without the people chose to befriend me. I was a stranger in a strange land; in the neighbourhood, where my nearest relatives had conducted very improperly, and I expect that was one cause why the friends kept so distant: however, the family that I was with was very kind! I went once to this friend's house, before Lorenzo arrived, which was somewhere about two weeks; I stayed there one night, and then returned to Mr. Cobun's, where I stayed until Lorenzo came to me.

The winter had been uncommonly severe, and he had a very distressing

time through the wilderness, but Providence had brought him through in safety, which was a matter of rejoi-

cing to my poor heart.

The cloud that had been gathering for some time, grew darker and darker, so that we scarcely knew which way to turn, or how to extricate ourselves from the difficulties that my imprudent friends had brought us into on every side: they had run in debt to merchants, making the impression, that when Lorenzo came from Europe he would pay all. There was some that had befriended them on Lorenzo's account; these he felt it was his duty to compensate, which he did.— My brother-in-law had made a contract with some people in that country for a tract of land, on which was a mill-seat; and without any title whatever, before we returned from Europe he went to building a mill, which involved them still deepent in debt; and, after Lorenzo returned from Europe and went to that country, which had been nearly twelve months after, and finding him in such a distressed situation, that he, out of pity, stept in to assist him as a kind of mediator, they east the whole burthen on his shoulders, which proved a heavy one to Lorenzo.

We arrived there in January.—We had a couple of tolerable good horses, and a small waggon, and some money; but we were under the necessity of parting with them, and what little money we had was soon gone. The old mill-frame, which was all that was done to the mill, Lorenzo let a man take on such terms as these—that he might undertake to build a mill, if he chose, without any more expense to Lorenzo; and if he could make one stand, Lorenzo should be entitled to one half.

We stayed with a family near the mill frame from March until July; in this time I was taken sick with the fever that is common in that country, on the day that Lorenzo had resolved to prepare to start for Georgia, and my life was despaired of; and the people that had appeared so desirous that we should come to that country,

forsook us; and had not the man that was styled a Deist, that first received me into his house, befriended us now, I know not what I should have done, his two sisters, Elizabeth and Ann Cobun, were friends indeed: Ann stayed with me night and day for about three weeks, and then we were under the necessity of removing from this house somewhere else; and where to go we could not tell!

However, Mr. Cobun gave us permission to come and stay at his house as long as we chose; but I was so low at that time that I could not sit up at all. They sewed some blankets together over a frame, similar to a bier to carry the dead, and layed a bed upon it, and laid me thereon, and two blackmen conveyed me to his house, which was perhaps a mile.

The next day Lorenzo was taken very ill also. There we were both confined to our beds, unable to help each other to as much as a drink of water. At that time Lorenzo could not have commanded one dollar, to have procured so much as a little medicine.

This was a trying time; and when the storm would be over, we could not tell—but the Lord supported us under these distressing circumstances, or we must have sunk beneath the weight. Forever praised be the adored name of our great Benefactor for all his mercies unto us.

My fever began to abate, but Lorenzo grew worse; and it was doubtful which way it would terminate with him. O the anguish of heart I felt at this trying juncture! I was still so low that I could not sit up but very little, nor walk without assistance, and we were altogether dependent on others for the necessaries of life .-Lorenzo appeared to be fast approaching to eternity, but after some weeks he began to gain a little, so that he was able to ride a few miles at a time, and we then removed to brother Randal Gibson's, where we stayed a few days. I was still unable to work, as I then had the common ague and fever; which kept me very weak and

feeble. After staying there for some time, perhaps two weeks, we returned to friend Baker's, near the mill. Lorenzo held meetings as much as he was able, and perhaps more, although he was so weak in body and depressed in mind, he did not slack his labours, but preached frequently sitting or laying down. There was a young man, who died about six or seven miles from where we then were, desired Lorenzo should preach his funeral: he was still very feeble, but wished to be of some use to his fellow mortals, the few days he might have to stay in this world of woe.

He started soon in the morning to attend the funeral, and brother Baker with him. This was on Sunday; he preached to a crouded congregation, with considerable liberty; the people were tender and attentive. After the conclusion of the ceremony, he started to return to brother Baker's, where he had left me, and had rode but a few miles before he was taken suddenly ill, and would have fallen from his horse, if friend Baker had not

saw that something was the matter; and being active, he sprang from his horse, and caught him before he fell to the ground; and as it happened they were near a small cabin, that was occupied by a man that professed religion. They conveyed him into it senseless, and so he continued for some time; and when he came to himself, he was in the most excruciating pain imaginable. They gave him a large quantity of laudanum, which gave him some little relief; but he could not be removed from that place.

Brother Baker stayed with him until nearly night, and then came home. I had become very uneasy in my mind on his account, as he did not return according to my expectation; when this friend came and told me Lorenzo's situation,—my heart trembled lest I should be called to relinquish my claim, and resign him up to the pale messenger. It made me ery mightily to God to give me strength to say, "The will of the Lord be done." I had no reason to doubt, if the great

Master saw it best to remove him from this region of pain, he would be conveyed by angelic bands to the realms of peace and happiness, where he would have to suffer no more pain and affliction, neither of body or mind;—but it was a task too hard for me to accomplish, without the immediate assistance of the Friend of sinners.

I slept but little that night, and early the next morning the friend at whose house Lorenzo was, came with two horses to take me to him-when I arrived there, I found him in a very distressed situation; he could not be moved in any position whatever, without the greatest pain; he could lie no way, except on his back, and in this position he lay for ten days. The disorder was in his left side, and across his bowels; I was apprehensive it would terminate in a mortification, and others I believe were of the same opinion. One day we thought he was dying, the whole day; he was unable to speak for the greater part of the day. My

mind was in such a state of anxiety as I had never experienced before; however, that appeared to be the turning point—for the next day he was something better, and continued to mend slowly; and in a few days he had gained so much strength as to ride about a mile to a quarterly meeting—and a precious time it was to me, and many others.

O what an indulgent parent we have to rely upon! May my heart ever feel sensations of gratitude to that God who hath cleared my way through storms of affliction, and va-

rious other difficulties.

I had not recovered my health fully at this time. The people, it appeared to me, were almost tired of us in every direction. I was unable to labour for a living, and Lorenzo was so feeble in body that he could preach but little; consequently we were entirely dependent on others for a subsistence.

We continued in the neighbourhood where Lorenzo had been sick, and that of the mill, until the first of January, and then we left that part for a friend's house, twelve or fourteen miles off; their house was small, and family large, which made it very inconvenient to them and us, although they were very kind and friendly.

Our situation at this time was truly distressing—we scarcely knew which way to turn. Lorenzo concluded it was best to strive to prepare some place as a shelter from the storms that appeared to have come to such a pitch, as not to admit of rising much higher. Sickness and poverty had assailed us on every side; and many, such as had professed to be our friends, forsook us in that country as well as in the states. It was circulating through many parts that we were at that time rolling in riches, surrounded with plenty. The old mill-frame, (for it was never finished,) had made such a noise in the world, that many had been led to believe that we possessed a large plantation, with an elegant house, and other necessary appurtenances, together with two or three mills, and a number of slaves, beside

money at interest. Whilst this was carried from east to west, and from north to south, and the people supposing that Lorenzo had ranged the wide fields of America, and also of Europe, to gather up worldly treasure, and had gone to the Mississippi to enjoy it, would of course make a very unfavourable impression on their minds, as it related to his motives in travelling in such an irregular manner as he had done.

We were, as I observed before, in quite a different situation—without house or home, or any thing of consequence that we could call our own.

There was a tract of land, lying in the midst of a thick Cane-break, on which was a beautiful spring of water, breaking out at the foot of a large hill, which some person had told Lorenzo of: the soil belonged to the United States, and the cane was almost impenetrable, from thirty to forty feet high; and likewise it was inhabited by WILD BEASTS of prey, of various kinds, and serpents of the most poisonous nature. Notwithstanding these

gloomy circumstances, Lorenzo got a man to go with him to look at it, to see if it would do for an asylum for us to fly to, provided we could get a little cabin crected near the spring. After he had taken a survey of the place, he concluded to make a trial, and employed a man accordingly to put up a small log cabin, within ten or twelve feet of the spring, which he did, after cutting down the cane for to set it-a way was made through from a public road to the spot, so that we could ride on horseback or on foot. We obtained a few utensils for keeping house, and in March we removed to our little place of residence, in the wilderness, or rather it appeared like the habitation of some exiles;—but it was a sweet place to me-I felt I was at home, and many times the Lord was precious to my soul

There was a man who had resided in *Philadelphia*, and by some means had got involved in debt, and left there to reside in this country. He had a wife and one child: once he had belonged to the Methodist Society, and

then backslid; but after he came to that country he was brought into trying circumstances, which brought him to reflect on his present situation; and meeting with Lorenzo in this time, there began some intimacy between them on this occasion: after this he wished to return to Philadelphia for a short time, and wanted some place for his wife to stay at while he should be gone; consequently he requested us to let her stay with us at our little cabin, which was agreed to-she came, and this made up our little family. She was a peaceable, friendly woman, and we spent the time quite agreeably; although we were left by ourselves for days together, Lorenzo being frequently called from home to attend meetings, and to procure the necessaries of life!

The people were much surprised when they came to our little residence, how we came to fix on such a lonely place as this to retreat to!—This is a proof, that experience teaches more than otherwise we could learn: we had felt the want of a home in the time

of trouble and sickness. This was a pleasant retreat to us: the wilderness appeared almost like a paridise to me! There were but two ways we could get to our neighbours, the nearest of which was more than half a mile, and the way so intricate, that it would be almost impossible for any one to find it, or get through either

place in the night.

We stayed there for near four months; in that time Lorenzo preached as much as his strength would admit. We were sometimes very closely run to get what was necessary to make us comfortable; yet I felt quite contented. I had in a good degree regained my health, so that I was able to labour, and I strove to do all that I could for a living, although my situation was such, that I could not do as much as I wished; but the Lord provided for us, beyond what we could have expected. We did not know how long we should stay in that place; we had no other alternative but to stay there, until Providence should open some other way.

The man that had left his wife with us, and started for the city of Philadelphia, went as far as the falls of Ohio, and got discouraged, and getting into a boat, he returned to us in the cane: there we had an addition to our family, this man, and his wife, and child. The chief of the burthen fell to my lot, to do for them and ourselves, which Lorenzo thought was too much for me to go through with-and the man seemed not to give himself much concern about it, his wife being in a situation that would require more attention than I should be able to give, we thought it was best to make our way to the States, if possible; as we had been defeated in almost every thing that we had undertaken in that country. Accordingly, Lorenzo made some arrangements to prepare to leave it. He let the man that was with us, have possession of the house and spring, and what little we had for family use, as it relates to house-keeping, and took a horse for the intended journey. We left the peaceful retreat of the spring, where I had enjoyed

some refreshings from the presence of the Lord; and were again cast on the world, without any thing to depend upon but Providence. However, he had never forsaken us: his power and willingness to save all that trust in him was still the same; and as he had promised that he would be with us in six troubles, and in the seventh that he would not forsake us: so it proved. in the end. We left the little cabin on Sunday morning, to attend an appointment that Lorenzo had given out, twelve or fourteen miles distance from there, on horseback, where we arrived in time—he preached to an attentive congregation. This was about six miles from Cobun's, where we had found an asylum in days that were past. We left the place where the meeting was held, and started for Mr. Cobun's, but we lost our way, by taking a foot-path that we supposed was nearer, and wandered in the woods until almost night, before we came to the place that we were in pursuit of: but at last we got to the place, where we met with sister Cobun,

and with brother Valentine, who had been back to the state of New York for his family, and had arrived here a few

weeks previous.

We did not intend to stay in the country any longer than we could make the necessary arrangements for our journey through the wilderness to Georgia. Lorenzo turned every way that he could, to obtain what was necessary, and had got all ready to start, our clothes and every thing being packed up, we concluded to attend a camp-meeting about six miles from the neighbourhood of the old millframe, and then continue on our journey: but Providence seemed not to favour our intentions at that time, for I was taken sick, and unable to travel; consequently, Lorenzo was under the necessity of leaving me behind, and going through without me-but he stayed for several weeks longer, until I had in some degree recovered my health. He had made some preparations for me to be provided for in his absence. Brother Valentine had erected a small log-house on public ground, near the mill-frame, and contiguous to the little tract that Lorenzo still retained of perhaps five-and-twenty acres. This house, in conjunction with the sister *Cobuns*, he obtained from Mr. *Valentine*, for us to reside in, while he should take a tour through the States.

He had let another man have a part of the right that he still held in the mill, if ever it should be made to do any business; consequently, this left him but one fourth, and that was in a state of uncertainty, whether it would ever be of any use to him, which the sequel has since proved to be the case.

About this time my poor unfortunate sister finished her career; and was called to a world of spirits, to give an account for the deeds done in the body! I felt very awful when I first heard the news—but I considered that we had done all in our power to bring her back to the paths of rectitude. Lorenzo had seen her three times: the first, on purpose—the second, on the road—the third, she came to meeting thirty miles to see

. me, but I was not there—and strove by every argument to prevail on her to come to us, and forsake the ways of vice and strive to seek her soul's salvation, and we would strive to do the part of children by her. But she would not-alledging that she could not bear the scoffs of her acquaintance. When Lorenzo found that she was determined to stay with the person that she had apostatized for, he told her to read the counsel of Jeremiah to Zedekiah, on their last interview, and look at the sequel, and make the application, at which she wept as they parted. This was the last time that he ever saw her; she was taken sick shortly after, and died in a strange land, without a friend to drop a tear of compassion over her in her last moments! The person that had been her seducer went on like one distracted-his wickedness and evil conduct, no doubt, stared him in the face, when he reflected that he had been the cause of one, who had once enjoyed the Divine favour, losing that blessing, and falling into sin of such an enormous nature as she had been guilty of—and I know not but he might have been the cause of her sudden departure; but I leave that until the day when the secrets of all hearts shall be disclosed!

She was interred in a lonely place, where, perhaps, in a few years, the spot of earth cannot be found, that contains her ashes.\*

O that this may be a warning to all that may peruse this short account of the fall of one that might have proved a blessing to society, and a comfort to her friends, if she had kept at the feet of her Saviour, and attended to the

<sup>\*</sup> The beforegoing unfortunate circumstances, are necessarily involved in the thread of those vicissitudes, which
are connected in the narrative in order to be explicit—seeing
the circumstances were generally known, but in many respects greatly misrepresented, through the prejudice and ambition of some, to block up the way and destroy the reputation
of Lorenzo, by unfavourable impressions on the public mind.
Many, through false modesty and pride, are willing to claim relationship with some, because they are considered in the higher circles of life; which they would be ashamed of, if it was
not for their money—as worth is generally estimated according to a man's property, agreeable to the old saying, "Money
makes the man:"—Whereas, what am I the worse for others
vices, or better for their worth and merit, if I have no virtues
of my own?

dictates of that SPIRIT which teaches humility.

I was much afflicted on the account of my poor sister—she had lain near my heart: but I was enabled to give her up, knowing that she was gone to a Just Tribunal, and her state unalterably fixed. What remained for me to do, was, to strive to make my way safely through a tempestuous world, to

a glorious eternity.

Lorenzo had made the necessary preparations for me to stay with the sister Cobuns, and for him to take his departure for the States, not expecting to return in less than twelve months;—this was something of a cross to me, as he was still considerably afflicted in body, and to appearance, would never enjoy health again. But I was supported under it, so that I felt in a great measure resigned to this dispensation also. I was supplied with what I needed to make me comfortable.

I had joined society when I first came to this country, within a mile of the place I then lived. I lived in great harmony with my two companwe meet in eternity. May God help us so to live, that we may join the blood-washed throng, in the mansions

of endless day.

We reached the outskirts of the settlements of Natchez on the third day after we left the city. It was something late in the day before we left the last house inhabited by white people, and entered the vast wilderness. This was a new scene to me, such as I had never met with before. My heart trembled at the thought of sleeping out in this desert place, with no company but my husband: however, a little before sun-set we came to a place where we could get water and plenty of cane for our horses. There we stopped for the night, built a fire, and cut a quantity of cane for to last our horses through the night; after that we prepared our supper, which consisted of coffee and hard biscuit, which we had brought from the settlements with us.-We had no tent to screen us from the inclement weather, but we had blankets on which we slept, which made us toler-

ably comfortable when the weather was clear. We lay down, after having prepared a quantity of wood for the night; but it was a gloomy night to me, it being the first time that I ever had been in the like circumstances; and to look up and see the wide extended concave of heaven bespangled with stars, without any covering, it was truly majestic. Yet to consider we were in a lonely desert, uninhabited by any creature but wild beasts and savages, made me feel very much alarmed, and I slept but little, while Lorenzo was quite happy and composed; as he observed, he had never been so well pleased with his situation in travelling through this wild unfrequented part of the country before; and this was the tenth time that he had passed through it, in the space of nine or ten years!

We met with no molestation through the night, and as soon as day dawned we started on and travelled until late breakfast time, when we stopped, struck up a fire, and prepared some ment, and fed our horses, and then

continued on our journey.

We travelled near forty miles that day: it was quite dark before we got to Pearl River, which we had to cross in a ferry boat, and stay at a house, such as it was, that belonged to a Half Breed, during the night. I was very much fatigued, but rested tolerably well.

In the morning we started by ourselves soon after we had got some refreshment, and travelled on through the day until towards evening, when we met a company of Indians, who had been preparing their camp for the night. This struck me with some considerable dread, and to add to that we had to cross a dreadful slough, called by travellers, "hell hole." This place consisted of thin mud, so that horses after they were stripped of saddle and harness, could swim through; and then it was necessary that some one should be on the other side, so as to prevent them from running away. But we had no one with us to assist, and we could not tell what we should do: yet so it happened, the Indians had made a temporary bridge of poles and canes to get their horses over, which served

for us to get over upon also.

We were then under the necessity of preparing for the night, as it was almost sun-set, and we were not more than half a mile from the Indian's camp, which was quite alarming to me; but there was no alternative, there we must stay. Accordingly, Lorenzo made a good fire, and provided a plenty of cane for our horses, and made ready our little repast; by this time it was dark-we then lay down to try to compose ourselves to rest; but my mind was too much occupied by gloomy reflections to sleep, while I could hear Indian's dogs barking, and the horses' bells gingle, although it was a beautiful night. The moon shone through the trees with great splendour, and the stars twinkling around; and if my mind had been in a right frame, it would have been a beautiful prospect to me, but I was so much afraid, that it quite deprived me of any satisfaction, while Lorenzo would have

slept sweetly if I had not been so fearful, and frequently disturbed him-I longed for day-light to appear; and as soon as it dawned we started and travelled a long and tedious day, still in this dreary wilderness. We expected to have got to a man's house, living on the Chickasaha River, who had an Indian family, before night; accordingly we came to a creek, which Lorenzo took to be that river: I felt very much rejoiced, as I hoped to find a house which we could have the privilege of sleeping in-but we were disappointed in our expectation—for when we got over the creek we found there an Indian village: we enquired how far it was to this man's house, they told us by signs it was ten miles, and it was now almost sun-set. We started on again, and went perhaps half a mile, when the path became divided into so many little divisions, that we could not tell which to take. Lorenzo went back to an Indian's house, and requestan old Indian to go and pilot us to Nales-the old man hesitated at first, but after understanding that he should

be well paid, he took his blanket and wrapping it about his head, he started on before us, and we followed afterby this time it was almost sunset, but we kept on: there was a moon, though it was obscured by a thin cloud, so that it was not of so much use to us as it would otherwise have been. We had not got more than three miles from the Indian's house before it was quite dark. I was very much afraid of our pilot; I strove to lift my heart to God for protection, and felt in some degree supported.—Our way lay through a large swamp, intermixed with cane, which made it appear very gloomy; but our pilot was almost equal to a wolf to find his way through this wild unfrequented spot of the earth—he could wind about and keep the path where I would have thought it was almost impassible; but having travelled until ten or eleven o'clock, we arrived at the river; but how to get across, that was the next difficulty—we must cross a ferry, and the boat was on the other side-Lorenzo requested the old Indian to go over and fetch it, but he

would not move one step until he promised him more money: this was the second or third time he had raised his wages after he started, to keep himon, until we could reach the place that we wished for. However, after he found that he would get more money, he started, and went up the river, and found some way across: in a short time he had the boat over, and we went into it with our horses, and the old man set us over. This was perhaps eleven o'clock at night-we came to the house, the family was gone to bed, but the woman got up, and although she was half Indian, she treated me with more attention than many would have done that had been educated among the more refined inhabitants of the earth!

I felt quite comfortable, and slept sweetly through the remaining part of the night. In the morning we started again, being then near thirty miles from the settlements of *Tombigby*. We passed through some delightful country that day, and about two or three o'clock in the afternoon we reached the first house that was inhabited

by white people. It made my heart rejoice to meet again with those that spoke a language which I understood, and above all, to find some that loved the Lord!

Lorenzo held several meetings in this neighbourhood that were profitable, I trust, to some. We stayed here two nights, and a good part of three days, when we took our leave of them, and departed on our journey through the settlements of Bigby, which extends seventy or eighty miles in length, through a rich and fertile soil. The settlements were flourishing, and the people in some parts hospitable. We arrived at Fort St. Stephen's, situated on the Tombigby river-it is on an eminence, and makes a handsome appearance, although it is but small. The river is navigable up to this place. It is a beautiful river; the water is as clear as crystal, and the land very fertile—well situated for cultivation. This will be a delightful country, no doubt, in time!

We got fresh supplies at this place, and made but a few hours stop before

we started on our journey, and crossed the river in a ferry-boat—this was after twelve o'clock-we travelled until late, and came to a small cabin, where we got permission to stay for the night, which we did. In the morning we started very early-saw some scattering houses, and at night we got to the Allabama river, where there was a ferry, kept by a man who was a mixture, where we stayed that night. This river is beautiful, almost beyond description. On its pleasant bank stood Fort Mims, that has since been destroyed by the savage Creek Indians, with those that fled to it for protection.

We were now in the bounds of the Creek nation: we were still without any company.—This day we struck the road that had been cut out by the order of the President, from the state of Georgia, to Fort Stoddard. This made it more pleasant travelling, and then we frequently met people removing from the States to the Tombigby, and other parts of the Mississippi ter-

ritory.

We travelled betwixt thirty and forty miles that day, and came to a creek, called Murder creek : it got this name in consequence of a man having been murdered there. This circumstance made it appear very gloomy to me. But we made the necessary preparations for the night, and lay down to rest: although I was so much afraid, I got so weary at times, that I could not help sleeping. About twelve o'clock it began to rain so fast, that it was like to put out our fire, and we were under the necessity of getting our horses and starting, as we had nothing to screen us from the rain. The road having been newly cut out, the fresh marked trees served for a guide—there was a moon, but it was shut in by clouds. However, we travelled on ten or twelve miles and it ceased raining: I was very wet and cold, and felt the need of a fire, more perhaps than I had ever done in my life before!

At last we came in sight of a camp, which would have made my heart glad, but I feared lest it was *Indians*; yet to my great satisfaction, when we came

to it we found an old man and boy, with what little they possessed, going to the country that we had left behind, and had encamped in this place, and with their blankets had made a comfortable tent, and had a good fire. This was refreshing to us, as we were much fatigued. We made some coffee, and dried our clothes a little—by this time it was day-light; we then started on our way again. I thought my situation had been as trying as almost could be, but I found that there were others who were worse off than my-self.

We came across a family who were moving to the Mississippi—they had a number of small children; and although they had something to cover them like a tent, yet they suffered considerably from the rain the night before; and to add to that, the woman told me they had left an aged father at a man's house by the name of Manack, one or two days before, and that she expected he was dead perhaps by that time. They were as black almost as the natives, and the woman seemed

very much disturbed at their situation. I felt pity for her—I thought her burthen was really heavier than mine. We kept on, and about the middle of the day we got to the house where the poor man had been left with his wife, son, and daughter. A few hours before we got there, he had closed his eyes in death—they had lain him out, and expected to bury him that evening; but they could not get any thing to make a coffin of, only split stuff to make a kind of a box, and so put him in the ground!

I thought this would have been such a distress to me, had it been my case, that it made my heart ache for the old lady. But I found that she was of that class of beings that could not be affected with any thing so much as the loss of property; for she began immediately to calculate the expense they had been at by this detention—and I do not recollect that I saw her shed one

tear on the occasion.

We stayed but a short time and continued on our journey. There we got a supply of bread, such as it was; and there we met with three men that were travelling our road, the first company that we had found since we had left the Mississippi, being now not more than one-third of the way through the *Creek nation*. We left this place betwixt one and two o'clock.

I was very glad of some company, for we had been very lonely before. We travelled on without any thing particular occurring for three days, until we arrived at the Chattahochy river, where we met with some difficulty in getting over, as the boat was gone. This was early in the morning, before sun-rise, that we came to the river; and there we were detained until ten o'clock, and then had to hire an Indian to take a canoe, and first carry our baggage over, and then swim our horses over. This hindered us until near eleven o'clock before we got ready to start again. We were in hopes of getting to Hawkings, the agents, that night-but being so long detained at the river, we were obliged to stay at an Indian's camp, our company having stopped before.

VICISSITUDES; OR

I had got a fall from my horse and hurt myself considerably; and I was as much fatigued and worn out by travelling as ever I was in my life. I thought sometimes that I never should stand it, to get through the wilderness, but Providence gave me strength of body beyond what I could have expected. We left the Indian's camp in the morning, and reached Col. Hawking's

that night.

This was within about thirty miles of the settlements of Georgia. I felt grateful to the God of all grace, for his tender care over us, while in this dreary part of the land-where our ears had been saluted by the hideous yells of the wolf-and had been surrounded by the savages, more wild and fierce than they; and yet we were preserved from all danger, and brought through in safety.

We got to the river that divides the state of Georgia from the Indians boundaries, about three or four o'clock, and got into the white settlements, which was very satisfactory to me: We got to a friend's house that night about dark, where we were received kindly! This was like a cordial to my heart, as it had been a long time since I had met with a friend.

We stayed that night with them, and the next day we got to a friend's house within twelve or fourteen miles from Milledgeville, the metropolis of Georgia. There Lorenzo had left a small waggon, six weeks or two months before—here he exchanged the two horses we had for one that would work in a carriage, and went on to Milledgeville, where we stayed about a week—and found many kind friends. This was sometime in December.

While we were here the earthquakes began, which alarmed the people very much. It was truly an awful scene, to feel the house shaking under you as sensibly as you could feel the motion of a vessel, when it was moving over the water; and the trees as it were dancing on the hills—all nature scemed in commotion. This was enough to make this stoutest heart to tremble! But when the people get so hardened, that mercies nor judgments cannot move them, we may conclude they are in a bad way! This is the case with too many. O that the day would arrive, when the inhabitants of the earth would love and serve the Lord!

We left Milledgeville, and went to a friend's house, where I stayed three or four weeks, while Lorenzo travelled the upper counties, and through the New Purchase—and offered free salvation to crowded congregations. He then returned to where I was, and we started on our journey to Virginia. Lorenzo preached at several places before we got to Louisville, and had a chain of appointments given out, which extended to North-Carolina. We came to Louisville, intending to stay only for a few days; but there came on such a rain, that it raised the water courses to such a degree, that it was impossible for us to travel for near two weeks-this brought him behind his appointments: but it gave him an opportunity of preaching to the people in Louisville a number of times.

As soon as we could get along we started, and with some difficulty we overtook the appointments-but not without disappointing three or four congregations. We travelled on from Georgia to Carolina in the cold inclement weather, such as we have in January and February; and Lorenzo preached once and twice in the daythe people seemed quite attentive all

the way that we came.

I was very anxious to get to Lynchburg, as we had some thoughts of striving to get a small house built there, that we might have a place of retreat in case of necessity-Lorenzo still expecting to travel and preach as long as his strength would admit. But we intended to go on to Connecticut, to his father's, where I expected to have stayed for some time, and then return to Lynchburg; but the Providence of God seemed not to favour the design.

We arrived in Lynchburg about the seventeenth of March, where we calculated to stay but a few days, and then go on to his father's-after making some preparations for building our little house. However, we had not been in Lynchburg but about one week, before I was taken very ill, and confined to my bed, attended by two doctors, Jennings and Owen, who said my affliction was an inflammation of the liver-which confined me for three months to my bed, and was expected to die. However, after having gone through a course of physic, I got so as to be able to sit up and ride a little; but was very feeble. My sickness had detained Lorenzo from going to the North, as he had intended, -and after counting the expense of building, he found that it would not be in his power to accomplish his design in building a house, without involving himself in debt, which he was not willing to do; accordingly he gave it up, and concluded still to continue as we had been, without house or home, and leave the event in the hand of Providence; knowing that we had been provided for all our lives, from a never-failing source-and we felt willing in some degree to trust HIM still!

We were still at Lynchburg; and had been there for more than three months—and the friends were very kind to me in my sickness.

Lorenzo wished to take me to his father's; but my health was in such a state that it was impossible for me to

travel.

There was a man who lived in Buckingham county, about five-and-twenty miles from Lynchburg—we had but a small acquaintance with him: he, coming to Lynchburg, saw Lorenzo, and invited him to come and stay at his house a while. He told him he had no objections, but was thankful to him for his kindness, though he saw no way of conveyance. Mr. John M. Walker, for that was his name, told him he would send his carriage for me the next week, which he did, and we went to his house. This was a kind family. I had not been there but a little more than a week, before I was again confined to my bcd-and it was expected that I must die. They gave every attention to me they could have done had I been their own childmay the great Master reward them in this world with every needed blessing, and in the world to come, a crown

of never-fading glory.

My Lorenzo attended me day and night almost from this time, until near Christmas. By this I had got a little better, so as to be taken and wrapped in blankets and put into a close carriage, and carried about half a mile to another dear friend's house, Major William Duval, where I was treated as if I had been a near relation—and provided with every thing necessary to make me comfortable; and they wished me to stay with them all the winter. This was matter of thankfulness to us.

I had got so as to walk about my room a little—and Lorenzo wishing to take a tour to the North, he made the necessary arrangements, and about the twenty-fifth of December he left me and started to Richmond, on his way to the city of Washington, where he stayed for some time, and then on to New-York; and so on to his father's in Connecticut.

He expected to return in March, but did not until May. I staid at brother Duval's, partaking of their hospitality, until some time in March, when brother Walker's family seemed so solicitous that I should go to their house again, and sister Walker coming in her carriage herself, she being very delicate too—I concluded to go. The old gentleman not being at home at the time, or I expect he would not have consented for me to have left his house, until Lorenzo returned.

I feel under great obligations to that dear family that I cannot express. His wife was a lovely woman. May the Lord reward them—for it is not in

my power!

I went home with sister Walker. I was at this time much better, but in a few days after I had got to brother Walker's I was again attacked with my old complaint, a pain in my side very severe. I applied to the remedies that had been made use of, and that was bleeding and blistering, but to little purpose apparently.

I felt very much discouraged; as I thought it more than probable that my time would be but short in this world of woe—and I wished much to see my companion once more in time, but strove to be resigned to the will of the Lord.

My cry was—Lord, help me to be willing to suffer all thy goodness sees best to inflict. My pain was at times very severe, and then I would get a little relief. I was taken about the twenty-seventh of March, but three or four days later than it was the Spring before, when I was first attacked.

I had received letters from Lorenzo, which informed me that he could not get back before May. My strength was continually declining; and to appearance, I would shortly be an inhabitant of the other world. My mind was variously exercised—it was sometimes cast down, and at other times much comforted. This long and tedious sickness taught me a greater lesson, as it related to the uncertainty of earthly enjoyments, than any

thing I had met with before. My desire for temporalities were gone—at least any more than was strictly necessary to make me comfortable—and the Lord that cared for us had provided me with the kindest friends, where I was treated with the greatest attention.

Lorenzo returned in May, as he had wrote me he should. I was at that time unable to get out of my bed without assistance. I had wrote to him to New-York, before I got so bad, that I was threatened with another attack. He had made all the speed that he could, and the day that he got to the place where I was, he had travelled near seventy miles.

I was much rejoiced to see him once more, the God of all Grace had granted my request, and returned him in safety to me again. He staid with me for several weeks, and every means was made use of to restore me to health that could be—but they all seemed to prove abortive. Dr. Jennings saw me several times after my last attack, and advised the use of mercury, as the

only remedy that could be of any service to me. I followed his advice, and was reduced very low, from the disorder and medicine together—so that it was thought by all who saw me, that I must die.

Istrove to sink into the will of God; knowing whatsoever was best for me would be given—yet I could not divest myself of a desire to get well, and live a little longer: not to enjoy what is commonly called the pleasures of the world, for my prospects were but small at that time—but to live more to the glory of God, and be better prepared to join the blood-washed company above, when I should be called for.

Lorenzo had at this time gone to the low lands, to fulfil some appointments which had been given out by some of the preachers, which took him about three weeks. I was very ill while he was gone—about the time that he returned I began to mend a little, so that I could set up in the bed. The Doctor had advised Lorenzo to carry me to the White Sulphur Springs, as it was

the most likely means to restore my health. After a few weeks, I had got so as to be taken and put into a chair and carried as far as Lynchburg, to Doctor Jennings. We had then a chair and horse of our own—but our horse's back had got injured, so that we were under the necessity of staying in Lynchburg until he should get well, so that we could get on to the Springs.

We were detained for some time before our horse got so as we could use him. I still was very feeble in body-1 could not walk one hundred yards without assistance. Our horse had been quite high for near three weeks, and his back had got tolerably well; so that we were about to make a start, and try to get on to the Springs-but although our horse had brought Lorenzo all the way from New-England. and down to the Low Lands of Virginia and the Carolinas, and back again to Buckingham, and from there to Lynchburg in the chair, and appeared very gentle; yet when he put him in the chair to prepare to start for the Springs, he began to act like as if he

was frightened, and we were apprehensive he could not be managed by him, considering my weak and helpless state; and the road through which we must travel was very rough and mountainous, consequently he sold him on the spot, and hired a hack from a Quaker living in that place: he paid four dollars a day for the use of it for ten days, besides bearing all the expenses. We left Lynchburg in the morning, and went the first day to New London, about fifteen miles, and I stood the travel much better than I expected I could. There Lorenzo preached to the people, as he had some appointments sent on before him; and we stayed all night. The next day we went to Liberty, where we had another appointment—and from there we went to a friend's house, where we were treated kindly-and they called in some of their neighbours, and we had a comfortable little meeting.

The next day to Fincastle, where we stayed all night, and Lorenzo preached twice. We were now within a few miles of the mountains, which was in some places so craggy and steep, that it was with difficulty we could ascend them; and then we would come into a valley, where the soil would appear as charming and beautiful as the mountains were rugged and barren. We travelled on, and met with nothing particular until we arrived at the Springs whither we were bound.

The Springs are situated in Green-briar county, about three miles the other side of the Allegany mountain, and from Lynchburg upward of one hundred miles. It is a pleasant place where the man lives who has rented the Springs, and has built a number of cabins, perhaps fifty or sixty; and they were placed in a regular form, and the yard inclosed, and a beautiful grass plot, with handsome shade trees, for the accommodation of those that attend the Springs.—They have a large house that stands near the centre, where the boarders dine, &c.

We went there, but the person that had hired the Springs would not take us in! he pretended they were so full. that they could not. But they took more after we went there than they had before. But we got in at a house perhaps a mile from the Spring. I was better satisfied with this situation than I would have been at the place-for I could-have the water brought twice in the day; and there I was in a more retired place. I stayed there near three weeks. Lorenzo was there part of the time, and part of the time he was travelling through the neighbourhoods and preaching to the people. He held several meetings at the springs, by the request of those that were attending there. There were persons from various parts, some for pleasure, and others for the restoration of health:they were people that moved in the higher circles, and were very gaybut they were quite attentive when he spake to them of heavenly things, except one, who was a most abandoned character-he thought to frighten him by threatening his life, and abusing him in a scandalous manner: but the enemy was defeated in this-for the gentleman that kept the Springs, and others, soon stopped his mouth, so that

he had peace ever after.

There were none just about this place that knew much about religion, but they appeared anxious to hear the glorious sound of the gospel. I began to get my strength in some measure, so that I could walk about considerably well. There was to be a Camp-Meeting held near Salem, in Botetourt county, which was a distance of seventy or eighty miles; and we were in the mountains, without horse or carriage, and how we should get out we could not tell. But Providence, that had so often opened our way where we could see none, made a way at this time: there was a friend that was a Methodist who lived at the Sweet-Springs, a distance, perhaps, of eighteen miles, from the white sulphur, who had requested Lorenzo to come over there and preach: he told him he would, provided he could send a couple of horses for us to ride. I had, by this time got so well, that we thought I might be able to ride that distance on horseback.

Accordingly the man sent the horses; and we started and arrived at his house some time in the afternoon. We stayed at the Sweet Springs, three or four days, and Lorenzo preached several times: we then, by the assistance, of friends were enabled to get on to Fincastle, that was within twenty miles. We came with the preachers that were going to Camp-meeting.

Here we got a chair from a friend to convey us part of the way from this to the place where the meeting was to be held, to another friend's, who let us have his horse and gig to carry us the remainder part of the way. When we got to the camp-ground it was nearly dark; but there we met with some of our old acquaintance, which made my heart to rejoice. The preachers were very friendly. There I met with my dear friend, sister Dunnington, who perhaps enjoys as great communion with God, as any person I ever saw. She was very kind to me,—and I felt it was good to meet with those that truly love and serve the Lord. We stayed at the Camp-Meeting until the

day before it broke. It was a tolerable good time-there was a number of souls converted to God: may they continue to walk in the narrow happy road, until they reach the peaceful shores of Canaan!

We left the camp ground in company with a preacher and his family for Blacksburg, near the Yellow Springs, so called, where I was advised to go, and try the water. This was near thirty miles from Salem-here we stayed for two or three weeks, and I made use of the waters, which was, I think, beneficial to me.

We got acquainted with a gentleman from the Low-Lands of Virginia, who was at the Springs with his wife on the account of her health.-These people were possessed of a large property, and but one child-and they also possessed as great a share of hospitality as any that I ever met with. They understanding our situation, gave me an invitation to go home and spend the winter with them-which I thankfully accepted, while Lorenzo took quite a different course to the Western country, intending to visit the Louisana, before his return: but the Indian War breaking out, flung some obstacles in the way, which were unavoidable: hence, he sent on a deed of relinquishment to those that had the possession of the old mill, which had made such a noise in the world—we had heard that they had got it, or rather built a new one, to do some business, but Lorenzo had never reaped any benefit from any thing that ever he claimed in that country, and I do not expect he ever will.

Here ends the history of his reported vast possessions in the Mississippi.

We parted at the Springs. I was to go home with brother Booth, the friend from Virginia, while he pursued his journey to the West. Brother Dunnington, who lived at Salem, happened to be at the Springs at this time—he took me in his chair, and carried me to his house, and brother Booth came down the next day. His wife was very unwell, which detained us in the mountains for six or seven weeks.

I stayed with sister Dunnington, until sister Booth was able to travel; we then started for Brunswick, their place of residence, where I was treated with the greatest kindness.

Lorenzo went on to the Western States, and from thence to Carolina, and so on to Virginia, to where I was; after an absence of near four months.

He in this tour visited about forty counties, and travelled near two thousand miles. He stayed with me about ten days, and then started on another route through North and South Carolina to Charleston, and visited many places, preaching from one to four times in a day, until he returned, which was about seven weeks. He got back to me on Friday night; he preached on Sunday, and on Monday morning we prepared to start for Petersburg.

March 8th, 1814, we bid adicu to my kind friends in Brunswick, where I had found an assylum from the cold winter for near five months, whilst my Lorenzo was ranging through the Western and Southern States, to call sinners to repentance. The morning that we parted with that dear family will be a memorable one to me; it was like parting with my nearest friends. May the Lord bless them with all such spiritual and temporal mercies, as shall prepare them for a seat at the right hand of the Majesty on high.

Brother Booth had furnished us with two horses, a gig, and servant, to go with us to Petersburg-and there we were to take his carriage and continue on to Baltimore. But when we got to Petersburg, the carriage which was designed we should take from there, was taken to pieces for repairing, so that we could not obtain it for our journey, and hence were under the necessity of taking the public stage for Richmond, which was something disagreeable to me: but I strove to put my trust in that hand which had dealt out so liberally to me in days: that were past by.

The roads were very bad, being so much cut up by the large heavy waggons that were on the road, laden with cetton and other produce for market.

We arrived in Richmond between two and three o'clock, and were received with kindness by brother West and his companion. There we met several preachers, who treated us with friendship, which was very pleasant to me. O how sweet it is to meet with those that love and serve the great Master in sincerity and in truth! And if it is so pleasant here, what will it be when we shall meet in that sweet world of Rest, where we shall see eye to eye, and be no more subject to erroneous conclusions, as it relates to our brethren! O that I may be enabled to fight my passage through, and meet with the dear friends of Jesus on the happy banks of everlasting deliverance!

We stayed in Richmond from Wednesday until Monday morning. Lorenzo hired a hack at the rate of five dollars per day to bring us on to Fredricksburg, which cost us near 40 dollars—but we came on in safety. I felt my heart often drawn out in prayer to God for protection while we were on the road, that He would attend us on our journey. We were received

with kindness also at this place by our old friend, brother Green, and his family—where we stayed for some days.

Lorenzo held several meetings, and then took a seat in the public stage for Alexandria, where we arrived on Sunday, between two and three o'clock. We stopped at a public house, where the people that travel in the stage are accommodated, but did not stay longer than to deposit our baggage, and then to go in search of some friends where we had put up, when we were in that place some years before, by the name of Slone. We walked down the street for some distance, and as it happened, a gentleman and lady were standing at the door where Lorenzo had formed some acquaintance the preceding winter, and invited us to come in, which we did-and found a pleasant assylum, where we could rest from our fatigue of travelling in the stage. O how sweet it is to meet with kind friends after having been confined with those that neither feared God nor regard man!

We staved at Mr. Warter's two nights, and then by the request of a family of Quakers, by the name of Scholfield, we spent one night with them. It was a very pleasant time to me-they were remarkably kind and friendly; and the gentleman in the morning took me in his chair and carried me to the city of Washington, which was about six miles from Alexandria, to another friend's, where my Lorenzo had found a kind reception a little more than twelve months before, and who had requested that he would bring me, if ever he should travel that way again.

Lorenzo had stayed behind to find some conveyance for our trunk and other baggage: in a short time he found a return hack, which he engaged, and arrived in a short time after me, and was received with affection by the family. They were by name Friends, and they were so by nature.

We stayed with them three nights, and received many marks of friendship from them—for which may the great Master reward them in the day

when he cometh to make up his jewels! They had been married for seventeen years, and had no children. except one little adopted daughter, of the lady's brother, which they had taken as their own. They doted on her: she was taken sick the day after I went there; and the second day at night they thought she was dying, and the poor little woman was in great anguish of soul on the account. I did not expect the child would live until morning. We had engaged our passage in the stage for that morning at five o'clock, and were up at three .-The family had slept very little for two nights; but when we arose in the morning, which was at an early hour, to prepare for our journey, the dear little child was still living, but looked like she had almost finished her course, and would shortly be conveyed to the realms of peace. Brother Friend went with us to the stagehouse, where we parted. We came on to Baltimore, where we stayed two nights with brother Hagerty; and Lorenzo preached twice in the town.

We then took the steam-boat for Philadelphia, where we arrived in about twenty-six or eight hours, where we tarried from Tuesday until Fridaythere Lorenzo preached two evenings in the African church. We then left Philadelphia, and continued on in the steam-boat to Trenton, where we took the stage for New York. We staid at Princeton one night, and the next evening we arrived at the city of New-Tork, and came to brother Morris D'Camps, from whose house I started when going to the Mississippi-he then lived in Troy-after an absence of about five years and six months from the time we started, and from whom we have received many favours. May that God, who is able and willing to reward those that will be kind. for their benevolence bless him and all my dear friends, for their kindness to me-and in particular for the last nine years of my life.

# SUPPLEMENTARY REFLECTIONS

#### TO THE

### JOURNEY OF LIFE.

I LEFT Lynchburg on the 19th of July, and came to brother Walker's, in Buckingham, where I was taken worse; and stayed there three months—and then I went to brother Duval's, where I stayed about five months, and then returned to brother Walker's again, where I continued near two months more—making ten months in all. May the Lord give them the reward that is promised to those that give a cup of cold water to a disciple, in the name of a disciple, for their kindness to unworthy me in this day of adversity.

January 25th. I this morning have been much relieved from melancholy reflections that employed my mind through the last night, as it relates to Lorenzo; as I had not heard from him for several weeks, which gave me much uneasiness, and made me feel my situation, which is something lonely: but what most distressed me was, my heart being so prone to distrust

the protection of Providence over ns, which I had so much reason to rely upon—for his tender care hath been over me from my earliest days until now, and hath brought me through dangers seen and unseen.

"Through various deaths my soul hath led;
And turn'd aside the fatal hour,
And lifted up my sinking head."

O that I may ever feel resigned to the will of God! The day will shortly arrive when we must bid adieu to all sublunary things. May the Lord help me to tear my heart from earth away for Jesus to receive. I long to be dead to all below the sun, and have my affections placed on things above, where sorrow will be turned into joy, where we shall view our Saviour, who hath borne all our sins in his own body on the tree, without a dimning veil between! Lord, enable me to say—

"Forever here my rest shall be, Close to thy bleeding side; This all my bope and all my plea, For me the Saviour died.

### 460 SUPPLEMENTARY REFLECTIONS

My dying Saviour and my God, Fountain for guilt and sin, Sprinkle me ever with thy blood, And cleanse, and keep me clean."

January 26th. My heart longs to be filled with love and gratitude to God, for his mercy to me: and that through his grace strengthening me, I hope to overcome all the evils that may befal me, whether outward or inward. O that I may consider that days are uncertain here below-and know not the hour when the Son of Man may call for me, whether it will be at midnight, or at the cock's crowing-so it stands me in hand to watch and pray, that I may not be surprised when He shall come, but be ready to enter in with the Bridegroom to the marriage supper of the Lamb! How sweet rest will be, after the toilsome "journey of life" is over. We shall then be received to those joys that have been purchased at so dear a rate; it cost no less than the precious blood of the Son of God! O what a ransom! That it should be neglected

by those who ought to benefit by it what a pity! O that they may take timely warning, and flee to the outstretched arms of the Saviour, and hide them, while the storms of life be past, that they may be guided safe into the haven of eternal rest.

February 7th, 1813, Sunday. I feel this morning my spirits are very much depressed-I fear that trouble awaits me. O that I may be prepared for whatever may be the will of God concerning me, whether prosperity or adversity. May I ever lay passive at HIS feet, and feel a disposition to say-Not my will, but thine be done. I am assured that this is a state of trial, wherein we must stand to our arms, or we shall suffer loss-for we are surrounded with enemies on every side, within and without, that are watching to do us mischief. O that I may be on my guard, and watch unto prayer, that the Lord may be my fore front and rear ward! and although troubles should assail me and dangers affright, I may be enabled to fly to the arms of Jesus, and find shelter

and consolation there! For he hath said, that he will carry the lambs in his bosom, and gently lead those that are with young-0 that I may be one of those that can claim this promise and protection from him. I am left as one alone in the earth-but if I can only put my trust in him, I need not fear .- Although dangers stand thick through all the ground, yet if the Lord is my shield, I shall not fear what man can do unto me. But I too often sink into a state of despondency, as my situation seems to be very gloomy at present :- not that I am in want of any thing to make me comfortable, as it relates to living for I am placed in a kind family, for which I desire to be thankful-but my concern for my companion, who hath been gone for near two months, and I have not heard from him but once-which fills my heart with fear, lest something hath befallen him. O that God may preserve him from those that would do him harm-and may I be enabled to give him up into the hands of God; knowing that he will do all

things well: and if we meet no more on earth, may we meet in glory, where we shall be reunited never to part again—and receive the crown of glory that is laid up for those that are faithful to the Lord, who bought their pardon on the tree!

February 9th. I am still alive, and enjoy a tolerable degree of health—for which I desire to be thankful: for it is more than I once expected, from

the state of my health.

I expected that I should have been an inhabitant of eternity before this—but the Lord hath preserved me for a longer space! O that I may improve the precious moments as they pass, to the glory of God, and for the good of my immortal soul—that when time shall be no more with me, I may be received into glory, where sorrow will be turned into joy: where I may join the blood-washed throng in singing hallelujahs to God and the Lamb for ever!

"And then my happy soul shall tell, My Jesus hath done all things well."

February 15th. I am still alive, and on praying ground-0 that I may improve the precious moments as they pass, to the glory of God and the good of my own soul. My heart is too little engaged with God! O that I may never rest until I am filled with love to God and all mankind. May the Lord prepare me for whatever awaits me through this unfriendly world-for I expect that troubles will be my lot, while here, more or less, until I pass over Jordan !- God grant that they may end then; and for them may I receive a crown of glory, though unworthy. May God help me to watch and pray without ceasing, that I may be in a state of readiness for whatever may befal me!

"How bappy every child of grace,
Who knows his sins forgiven,
This earth, he cries, is not my place,
I seek my place in HEAVEN.

A country far from mortal sight, Yet, O by faith, I see— The land of rest, the saint's delight; The heaven prepar'd for me."

March 12, 1813. I have reason to bless and praise God, that it is as well with me as it is-that I have some desire still to devote my life and all that I have to the service of that God who hath preserved and brought me to the present moment. O that every power of my soul and body may be, without reserve, devoted to him. He hath been my Preserver and kind Benefactor from my earliest days until the present time! O that my heart may be filled with love and gratitude to Him, for every mercy that I do enjoy. It hath been better than three months since I parted with the friend that I esteem most dear; and I long much to see him-but I must be patient, and strive to give my all to the Lord, and say,, Not my will, but thine be done.

March 14th. This day has been a day of a good, degree of peace and joy to my soul. As I have been so long deprived of meeting with my brethren to praise God! O that I may give my soul and body as a living sacrifice to him day by day—and be prepared to meet my Saviour in the skies, with

joy and gladness.

"Through grace, I am determin'd To conquer, though I die!"

March 24st. I have reason to praise God for his tender mercy to me; that he hath given me a degree of health and strength—and feel a desire to spend the remainder of my days in his service and to his glory. May the Lord bless me with an hungering and thirsting for all the mind that was in Christ, that I may be a comfort to my companion, and a blessing to society, and be prepared for heaven and glory.

"Come Lord from above, these mountains remove,
O'erturn all that hinders the course of thy love,"

I long to be altogether thine.—The day is fast approaching when it would be of more importance to have an interest at a throne of grace, than to be possessed of all the riches in this lower world! May God help me to realize the worth of time and the length of eternity—and improve my privileges accordingly!

March 21st. I feel to be in some degree thankful to God for the bles-

sings that I do enjoy. May I improve them to the glory of my great Benefactor—and may the Lord reward my kind friends for their friendship to me.

"O that my God would count me meet, To wash his dear disciples' feet."

I feel my heart prone to wander from the God that I desire to love! O that the day may arrive when I shall love my God supremely—above every

thing else.

April the 15th, 1813. I am this day out of eternity, but am not well—and know not how long I may be an inhabitant of this world!—That I may be in a state of readiness for death, when it shall come—for whether it be long or short, it will be the same king of terrors when it comes, if we are not prepared for it. My heart and soul, long for full redemption, in the blood of Jesus.

"O that my tender soul might fly
The least abhorr'd approach of ill:
Quick as the apple of an eye,
The slightest touch of sin to feel."

I hope the Lord may give me grace to be faithful; that whether my days are many or few, they may all be devoted to him, that when I am called to go I may have a convoy of angels to escort my happy soul to realms of glory. My conflicts are many here, but the hand of the Lord is strong. O that I may be enabled to put my trust in him in every trying hour.

April 21st. I am this day a spared monument of mercy—that I am not cut off as a cumberer of the ground—O that my heart may be filled with real gratitude for the blessings I do enjoy—for kind friends in the day of

adversity.

I feel that I need daily supplies from the fountain that was opened in the house of king David for sin and uncleanness. For the enemy thrusts sore at me—and I often fear I shall come short at last. I want the whole armour, and skill to use the weapons, that I may be more than conqueror through the strength of Jesus—that when my sun is setting, I may have a prospect of Canaan's happy land, and

view by faith the celestial fruits of paradise, where joys immortal grow—pain shall be exchanged then for pleasure that never shall cease—where we may gaze on the face of our beloved without a dimning veil of mortality between.

April 23d. I have reason to be thankful to God my great Preserver, for the peace that I do feel in my soul this morning. Although my body is afflicted, yet I feel a degree of resignation to the will of God—and hope that I may be prepared for whatever is the will of God concerning me—whether life or death.

"Through grace I am determin'd
To conquer though I die,
And then away to Jesus
On wings of love I'll fly:
And then my happy station
In life's fair tree shall have;
Close by the throne of Jesus,
Shut up with God above."

O that I may consider that my days are as a shadow that passeth away.

God grant that I may secure a lot among the blest.

"My suffering time will soon be o'er, Then shall I sigh and weep no more; My ransom'd soul shall soar away, To sing God's praise in endless day."

The road I have to travel is interspersed with joys and sorrows-and the only way to be happy is to receive the one with gratitude and the other with submission. O that I may have that true resignation to the will of heaven, that may enable me to rejoice evermore, and pray without ceasing, and in every thing to give thanksthank the Lord for the blessings that I do enjoy, and be patient under sufferings, knowing that it is good for me to be afflicted, that I may know my own weakness the better, and rely only on the strength of him that is able to save all those that put their trust in his clemency and mercy! May the Lord help me to live to his glory while on earth I stay.

May 9th, 1813. I have reason to bless God that it is as well with me

as it is! Whether I shall ever enjoy health or not I do not know-and I would not be anxious concerning it: but may I be prepared for whatever is the will of the Lord concerning me, whether life or death, health or sickness, prosperity or adversity. I feel a desire to see my Lorenzo once more in time: but if that is denied me. may I be enabled to say, The will of the Lord be done-and may we meet on Canaan's happy shore, where sorrow will be turned into joy-and all that's earthly in our souls will be done away, and in its place we shall have the nature of angels and saints.

> "O what a happy company-Where saints and angels join!"

There will be no more anger nor strife-no more malice nor envyings. evil speaking, nor any thing that shall mar our happiness, or give us pain -but harmony and peace shall for ever abound! May God help us to be faithful to him, and to the spirit of his grace.

"How tedious and tasteless the hours
When Jesus no longer I see;
Sweet prospects, sweet birds, and sweet flow'rs,
Have all lost their sweetness to me.
The midsummer sun shines but dim—
The fields strive in vain to look gay;

But when I am bappy in him, December's as pleasant as May.

"His name yields the richest perfume,
And sweeter than music his voice;
His presence disperses my gloom,
And makes all within me rejoice.
I should, were he always thus nigh,
Have nothing to wish or to fear—
No mortal so happy as I,

My summer would last all the year."

O that I could always be enabled to put my trust in him in every time of trouble—and may the Lord prepare me for death and glory.—

"There on a green and flowery mount
Our weary souls shall sit;
And with transporting joys recount
The labours of our feet!"

May 10th. I am in a lingering state of health, and whether ever I

shall be able to be of any use to myself or others I know not-but I hope that I may be enabled to be resigned to the disposal of Providence, and say, Not my will but thine be done. It is a reality that we are born to die, and after death to come to judgment-and how ought we to live, that we may stand acquitted in that awful day, when Christ in glory shall appear to judge both the quick and the dead. O that I may have "my robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb," that I may hear the welcome sentence, Come ye blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world-O happy day-when we shall be delivered from this body of clay, that clogs and weighs down the soul oftentimes, and makes us cry out with the apostle, who shall deliver me from the body of this death!

How necessary it is, for us to watch and pray, that we enter not into temptation—but hold fast the confidence that

we have in a blessed Saviour.

## 174 SUPPLEMENTARY REFLECTIONS

"On Jordan's stormy banks I stand, And cast a wishful eye,

To Canaan's fair and happy land Where my possessions lie.

O the transporting happy scene That rises to my sight— Sweet fields array'd in living green, And rivers of delight.

"The generous fruits that never fail, On trees immortal grow:

There rocks and hills, and brooks and vales, With milk and honey flow:

All o'er those wide extended plains, Shines one eternal day;

There God the Son for ever reigns, And scatters night away."

"No chilling winds nor pois'nous breath, Can reach that healthful shore;

Sickness and sorrow—pain and death, Are felt and fear'd no more.

When shall I reach that happy place, And be for ever blest:

When I shall see my Father's face, And in his bosom rest!

"Fill'd with delight my raptur'd soul
Can here no longer stay;
Though Jordan's waves around me roll,

Fearless I'd launch away:

There on those high and flow'ry plains, Our spirits ne'er shall tire; But in perpetual, joyful strains, Redeeming love admire.

It is through the tender mercy of God, that I am alive and out of hell! O that I may be renewed in the spirit of my mind! May all the earthly dispositions of my heart be changed into heavenly, that I may be prepared to bid adieu to this world of sorrow, and find an habitation of peace, where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary be at rest. My God help me to be faithful the few days that I have to spend on earth. My heart hath been much sunk under a weight of sorrow-when I consider how far from God and heaven, and what I would be, I am !-- O that the cry of my soul may be, Dear Jesus, raise me higher! I long to be holy, as Thou art holy. May the Lord help me to rely on his mercy and goodness for all that is to come-and say without reserve, "The will of the Lord be dove."

## 176 SUPPLEMENTARY REFLECTIONS

"O God, my help in ages past, My hope for years to come; My shelter from the stormy blast, And my eternal home:"

Prepare me for that happy day, when all the saints get home—and sit down at the right hand of God—where we shall be freed from all the toils and troubles of life, and have pleasure without end—where trouble and anguish cannot enter, but all shall be harmony and peace!

"O what a glorious company, When saints and angels meet"—

in robes of white arrayed—when Christ shall wipe all tears from our eyes, and we shall be admitted to sit down with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and all the saints that have gone through much tribulation, and washed THEIR robes, and made them white in the blood of the Lamb. May my heart and life be conformed to the gospel, that I may be a comfort to my companion, and a blessing to society:

"And may my sun in smiles decline—And bring a pleasing night."

The men that love the Lord are happy in this world and in the next! O may that be my happy lot—may the Lord help me to tear every idol from my heart, and may he reign without a rival there. I feel my heart's desire is, to love the Lord with my whole heart.

"This is a world of trouble and grief I plainly see; But when in deepest sorrow, O God, I look to Thee! Thou deliver'dst Daniel, when in the lions' den— And if thou didst protect him, O why not other men!"

Help me to pray without ceasing, and in every thing give thanks! May my soul's concern and only care be, to secure a lot among the blest—that when my days are ended on earth, I may receive an inheritance that can never be taken from me! May God preserve my companion while absent.

In my days of childhood, the Providence of God was over me to preserve me from evil; although I lost my mother, one of the most invaluable blessings that a child can be deprived of,

particularly a female. Yet the Lord was my friend, and brought me up to the years of maturity, with a mind as little tainted with the evil practices that are prevalent among young people as most. My sister was very careful to teach me the way of rectitude in my earliest days, which was of great benefit to me in my journey through life. And I doubt not, if mothers would begin with their children when they are young, they might mould them into almost any frame they chose. But instead of paying that attention to their morals while their minds are young, and susceptible of good impressions, as they ought; they suffer them to mix with those that are wicked to a proverb; thinking there is no danger—they are too young to be injured by any bad example or precept. But they find, when it is too late, that their minds are too easily impressed with evil; and habits, which are imbibed in childhood, are not so easily eradicated: and through their neglect, many that might be shining characters in socie-

ty, a blessing to the age that they live in, they are but a nuisance to mankind, and are rearing up another set to walk in their tracks. Thus the world is contaminated by the mismanagement of mothers! My heart has often been pained, to see the dear little innocents suffered to run at random; and taught nothing that would be of service to them, either in this world, or in the next! May the Lord open the eyes of those that have the care of children, to see the importance of their charge; and enable them to do their duty-that the rising generation may be more obedient to their parents, more attentive to the duty they owe their God-then they will be a greater blessing to society, and will be better qualified to fill up that sphere in life which they may be called to-and above all, be prepared for those happy regions, where all will be harmony and peace!

After my marriage, leaving the place where I had lived from my early days, I was placed in quite a different sphere of life. Unacquainted with

the variage of manners and dispositions dankind, I thought all who professed friendship were friends: but I have found myself mistaken in many instances. Some that at one time would appear like as if there was nothing too good that they could do for one, at another time were so cool and distant, that one would be ready to conclude they could not be the same people! These constant changes have, in some measure, taught me this lesson, that we are all frail mortals, liable to change; and there is but one source that is permanent .- There we may place implicit confidence, and we will not be deceived.

I have abundant cause to be thankful to my great Benefactor, for the continued favours bestowed me—and for many kind friends who have administered to my necessities in the time of adversity: may the great Master reward them richly in this world, and in that which is to come, eternal life and glory! It is said to be more blessed to give than receive, therefore, those that have it in their

power to do good to the hardy sons and daughters of affliction, and follow the dictates of charity, will have a double reward: they will feel a sweet peace in their own souls while they are travelling through this unfriendly world, and when they come to bid adieu to all things below the sun, they will have a glorious prospect of a happy entrance into the blest abode of saints and angels!

"O may my lot be cast with these, The least of Jesu's witnesses"—

on earth-and at last be joined to that

happy company above the skies!

What need there is to watch and pray, and guard against the vain allurements of this world; to steer our course between the rocks on either hand, that we may gain the destined port of eternal repose in the bosom of our once crucified, but now risen and exalted Saviour.

Our hearts are too often fixed on the vain and transient things of time and sense, while the important cou-

cerns of eternal happiness or misery are almost, if not quite neglected! We are leaving nothing undone that we can accomplish to lay up treasure on earth, which will perish in the using-while the immortal part, that will have an existence as long as its Author exists, lieth in ruins! O what madness! This poor body, what is it, but a dying lump of clay! that must in a few revolving days be consigned to the dust from whence it was taken! What will it avail us then-whether we were rich or poor, noble or ignoble. The main point will then be, whether we have spent our time in the service of God, or have devoted it to the pleasures and vanities of the world-to please ourselves, instead of obeying the calls of the gospel, and taking up the cross! O that these things may lay with serious weight on our minds, that we may make sure work for eternity, and spend no time unprofitably, but husband it to the best advantage.

The various scenes of life make such an impression on our minds, that

we are often brought into such perplexities, that we hardly know which way to turn: but if we could always live in the enjoyment of that Faith, which it is our privilege to possess, we should never be at a loss. I have passed through many trying situations in Europe and America—but the Lord hath been my helper thus far, through all the vicissitudes attending the Journey of LIFE! And I hope, one day to outstrip the wind, beyond the bounds of time-where there will be no more uncertainty or disappointment-where peace and harmony shall for ever abound :- after all our troubles here, how sweet and conscling rest will be !- May the Lord help me to live near to the bleeding side of a crucified Redeemer-willing to take up my cross and follow him where he may lead, if it is to go through fire or water. These are trying times—the love of many is waxing cold. How soon we may be called to a fresh trial of our FAITH, we cannot tell:—may we stand firm, knowing that all shall work together for good to those that love GOD.

How many and various are the difficulties of life, while travelling through this vale of tears, to the place of rest, whither we are all hastening. Were it not for the mixture of pleasure that we find interwoven in those pains, we should often sink under them-but he that rides upon the winds, and can command them at a nod, undertakes our cause; and makes a way for us, when we see none-and cannot tell which way we must go! I am indebted to that great and beneficent Hand for all the mercies that I do enjoy. O that my heart may be filled with gratitude to God for these favours.

I arrived in New York with my companion, towards the last of March, 1814—where I met with kind friends, particularly brother Munson and his family. They are like they were our own dear brothers and sisters: may the Lord reward them in this world and in the next! Here I met with my old friend sister Lester—she is still the same—may the Lord prosper her on her journey to a glorious eternity!

I have found as kind friends of late as I could expect—O that my heart may ever feel grateful to my God for all his mercies to unworthy me! I have felt a greater desire to be all devoted to the Lord, (soul and body, and all that I have and am, for time and eternity,) of late, than I have felt for a long time! I do not expect to find that place, while I am an inhabitant of this lower world, where there is nothing to trouble or afflict either body or mind. May the great Master give me more of that spirit of humility; that it may enable me to be willing to suffer all the righteous will of God; and when called to bid adicu to all below the sun, that I may have a pleasing prospect of a glorious immortality! O how sweet and delightful must be the scene, to a soul that has been tossed on the ocean of time; and hath fought their passage through, and got within view of the happy land:

"When all their sorrows will be o'er; Their suff'ring and their pain; Who meet on that eternal shore Shall never part again!"

O may I be prepared to meet those that have gone before, and those that may come after!"

May 10th, 1814. We have been in New York for several weeks, and kindly treated by many—may the

Lord reward them!

Though many have been my trials and afflictions the last four or five years of my life, yet the Lord hath been my friend-and I feel a desire to devote the remainder of my days to his service. How long I shall be an inhabitant of this world of woe, is uncertain with me-I feel the seeds of death in this mortal frame—and it is my earnest desire to become more and more acquainted with my own heart, that when the summons shall arrive, I may not be alarmed, but rejoice to go and be at rest! O how soon my heart sinks down to earth again! my Lord, help me to keep my eye upon the prize! and my heart stayed on THEE! that this world may have no charms sufficient to draw me from the contemplation of heaven and glory!

" Was I possessor of the earth, And call'd the stars my own, Without thy graces, and thyself, I were a wretch undone! Let others stretch their arms like seas And grasp in all the shore; Grant me the visits of thy grace, And I desire no more."

May I ever lay at the feet of my glorious Redeemer, who hath bought my pardon on the tree! My soul is pained on the account of those that were once plain, humble followers of the meek and lowly Jesus; but now are so conformed to the world, that they can hardly be distinguished from them! How long will they sleep in security, wandering from God-pursuing a shadow instead of a substance! How vain are all things below the sun! We may have prosperity one day, and the next may prove quite the reverse! How necessary it is to have our hearts detached from the world, and placed on a more durable object!

May 13th, 1814. I am this day under renewed obligations to the great

Preserver for the blessings that I enjoy-my life is preserved, and I have kind friends that appear willing to supply all my wants. May God, that is able to give me the inward consolation of the Holy Spirit, enable me to draw water out of the fountain that never will run dry! I long to be more holy in heart and life; and then I shall surely be more happy! O my soul, arise! and shake thyself, and put on thy beautiful garments! and then, I can rejoice in tribulation, knowing that tribulation worketh patience; and what a charming trait it is in the Christian character—that of patience! O that I may learn to possess my soul in patience in this day of trial! The times are gloomy, and we need to be continually at the throne of grace, and cry mightily to God to stand by us; that we may keep the narrow road, and not turn to the right hand or to the left.

Sunday, May 15th, 1814. I thank the Lord that I have once more had the privilege of hearing the sweet sound of the gospel, from these words: " By whom shall Jacob arise, for he is small." I wish it may sink into the hearts of those that heard it! In the first place, he told what was meant by Jacob or Israel-spiritually the church of Christ; and then went on to tell why it was stiled small in those days, as well as at the present day. First, because the professed clergy were not faithful, but were fallen asleep upon their watch tower; and did not warn the people of their danger as they ought. Secondly, wicked rulers, by their bad example, prevented that good being done as otherwise would be, if they were men that truly loved and feared God. And thirdly, the laity, those that heard the sound of the gospel, did not make that improvement of the precious opportunities which they enjoyed as they ought. Parents set bad examples before their children-this was one great cause why we so seldom saw the young and rising generation turning to God! And fourthly, and lastly, he showed by whom Jacob must arise-it was our duty to pray in faith, but it was

Gon that gave the increase—therefore, we must hope and believe that God would hear our prayers, and convert our children and neighbours, and prosper Zion. If we were united in heart, so as to be like an army with banners, and not let the spirit of division get in among us, and cry out "I am of Paul, and I am of Apollos, and I of Cephas, and I of Christ-but all must be of one mind and heart in Christ Jesus the Lord! Then we should see how the church would prosper, and what glorious seasons we should have! But the times are gloomy, and when the cloud will disperse we cannot tell.

May 19th. Lorenzo is quite unwell—trials await us, but may our trust be in the Lord, that he will deliver us from all our troubles at last, and land us safe on the peaceful shores of blest eternity; where all our toils will be over—our suffering and our pain; where we shall join the happy millions that surround the throne of God, and sing hallelujah to God and the Lamb for ever and ever! "Our moments fly apace,
Nor will our minutes stay;
Just like a flood our hasty days
Are sweeping us away."

May our hearts be inspired with love and gratitude to the great Giver of all things, for the mercies we do enjoy—to enable us to improve every moment to the glory of God, and our

own good!

May 20th, 1814. We are at Hobucken, a delightful spot of the earth, upon the Jersey side of the river, opposite New York-where, from the window of the room we occupy, we have a grand view of the city, with the majestic steeples of the different churches, reaching their lofty heads almost to the lowering skies-while the beautiful trees that are interspersed among the houses, with the surrounding country, which can also be seen at the same time, conspire to make it a most enchanting prospect! On the other hand, the Jersey side presents to view, decorated with all the charms of Spring-green trees and shady groves; while the delightful songsters of the woods tune their harmonious throats in praising their great Creator! These beauties of nature all joined in concert, one would suppose, could not fail to excite gratitude in the hard and obdurate heart of man, the most noble work of our great Creator! But lamentable to tell!—they appear to be less thankful than the birds that fly in open space, or even the reptiles that crawl upon the earth, for they answer the end for which they were made-but man, who was formed in the image of his God, and not only indebted to him for creation, but also for redemption in the blood of Jesus, tramples on his mercies, and despises the offers of his grace; and live more like beasts, than creatures possessed of rationality! O that men would learn to love and serve the Lord!

We are at the house of a kind family, but they do not profess religion. May the Lord make our stay with them a blessing to their souls, and to the neighbourhood where they live!

For the people in this place, by what I can learn, are quite carcless about their souls! O that the Lord may make use of some measures to bring them to a knowledge of the truthmy soul longs to see a revival of reli-

gion take place once more!

May 21st. I am still alive, and out of a never-ending eternity; for which may my heart be filled with gratitude to him that sustains and supplies me with every needed blessing; who inclines the hearts of my fellow mortals to treat 'me with kindness! O how much I am indebted to my God-and how little is my heart affected with a grateful sense of his goodness! O that he would implant, deep in my soul, love to God and man; with a heart-felt sense of my dependence upon him, for all the favours which I do enjoy.

From Sunday until Monday we were in New York at brother Munson's, the greatest part of the time .--Lorenzo is printing his Journal, with some other tracts; which has detained him in and about this city far longer than he expected to have stayed when we came here—but the way seemed to open for him to print his books, and he thought it best to improve the present opening, and hope it may prove a blessing to many.

On Wednesday afternoon we came over to Mr. Anderson's again; where we met with the same kind reception which he had experienced some days before. Mrs. Anderson was very sick, but was something better the next day. Lorenzo preached to the people in this place on Wednesday evening, and had a crowded house. May the seed take root in some heart, and bear fruit to perfection! I feel the need of more faith, to be enabled to put my trust in the great Giver of every good and perfect gift-my heart too often wanders from the right source. O that my mind may be stayed on God in every trying hour-I long to be made holy in heart and life; and feel a willingness to bear the cross like a good soldier of Jesus Christ, that when the sun of life shall decline, I may have a pleasing prospect of a happy eternity!

Saturday, May 28th. Through the goodness of God I enjoy better health than I have done for more than two years before. May my heart be filled with love and gratitude to the Great and Beneficent hand that is daily showering down blessings on my unworthy head, and improve my lengthened days, in doing good to myself and others! For why should I be useless in this time of need? But, O! my heart shrinks at the cross!-May the Lord help me to be willing to take it up, and follow Jesus in the way! When we consider the shortness of time, and the length of eternity, we perceive there is no time to loose; but a necessity to improve every moment to the best advantage. May it be impressed on my heart!

May 31st. I desire to have my heart filled with grateful songs of praise, to the God of all grace and mercies, for his favours to me!—Through every lane of life, he hath provided me kind friends, in the day of adversity as well as in the day of prosperity. What reason have I to

be faithful to my God for all those blessings! May the Lord help me ever to lie at the feet of the Saviour, and learn instruction from his lips! I am still at Capt. Anderson's, at the beautiful little town of Hobucken, as charming a place as I almost ever saw. O, what a pity there is not (as I know of) one person in this place that enjoys religion; or at least, not many feeling much concern for their souls; and they have no preaching, except by the Baptists, who preach up " particular election" and reprobation, in the strongest terms that I ever heard. I went to hear them on Sunday last, and my heart was truly pained, to hear a man get up and address a number of people, (who were unacquainted with the way of salvation, and for aught I know, were living in the neglect of their duty altogether,) in this way; that they " could do nothing; they must be taken by an irresistible power, and be brought in." But my heart replied, "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters; and he that hath

no money, come buy wine and milk, without money and without price!"-What a pity it is, that men should darken council by words without knowledge! For it is expressly said, that ALL may come that will; and that they shall in no wise be shut out. May God stop the mouths of those that attempt to speak in his name, who are not called and qualified by the Spirit, for the work! but bless and prosper those that have taken their lives in their hands, and have gone forth to call sinners to repentance, offering a free salvation to all the fallen race of Adam.

June 1st. What a miracle of mercy it is, that I am still spared on this side eternity, whilst many of my fellow-mortals have been called from the stage of action; their bodies numbered with the pale nations under ground, and their souls taken flight to a world of spirits; whilst I, the most unprofitable, perhaps, of any, am spared, and enjoy a tolerable state of health, so much better than I once expected I ever should. May

my heart be made truly sensible of the duty I owe to the great God of heaven and earth; whose NAME is terrible to all who are in any measure sensible of his Majesty and Power. And also I desire to know and do my duty to my fellow-mortals; but I tremble at the cross! O that I may be delivered from "the fear of man, which bringeth a snare!"

" My drowsy powers why sleep ye so!

" Awake, my sluggish soul!

" Nothing hath half thy work to do;

"Yet nothing is half so dull!

"Go to the ants; for one poor grain

" See how they toil and strive ;-

"Yet we who have a heaven to obtain,

" How negligent we live! .

" Waken, O Lord, my drowsy sense,

" To walk this dangerous road;

"That if my soul be hurried hence,"
May it be found in God!

June 2d. I am this day under renewed obligations to that Hand which hath supplied all my necessities, from my earliest days, until the present period of time. O that I may lie in

the valley of hamility, under a sense of the numerous favours bestowed upon me, by the hand of an ever bountiful God! and improve the moments that are allotted me, to the glory of his great Name, and the good of my own immortal soul! I feel my heart is too often placed upon things below the sun—may the Lord help me to tear my heart and affections from earth, and place them on things above.

earth, and place them on things above.
My Lorenzo's mind is exercised and drawn out to visit foreign lands, to call sinners to repentance; and I would not stand in his way above all things, but I feel the need of more grace; to acquiesce in all circumstances, in the will of Providence; which I desire to do more than any thing beside. May the God of all grace, enable me to say-" not my will but thine be done."-Lord, may I be made of some use to my fellow creatures while on earth I stay, that I need not be quite useless, while I am an inhabitant of this lower world !- It is now night, and the evening shades prevail. The sun hath set beyond the western sky, and the Lord only knows whether I shall see the return of another day! May he take charge of me this night; and grant, that whether I sleep, or whatever I do, I may have a single eye to his glory, and be prepared to meet my "last enemy" in peace! May God reward my kind benefactors with every need-

ed blessing.

Sunday, June 12th. This hath been a day of deep trial to my soul. There having been an appointment made, for my Lorenzo to preach in the African church, at six o'clock, and the people appearing anxious to see me, as many of them had not, it was published that I would be there, and perhaps I would subjoin a few words by way of exhortation: this made such an impression on the minds of people, that they came out in such quantities, that they could not get into the house. I took my seat in the altar; and after Lorenzo had given them a discourse from these words-" O earth, earth, earth, hear the word of the Lord,"-I rose up

and spoke a few words'; but the cross was so weighty, I did not fully answer my mind. I closed the meeting by striving to lift my heart to God, in prayer, with some degree of libers ty. May the Lord deliver me from the fear of man, which bringeth a snare! Why should we be so much under the influence of the enemy, as not to speak for our God in these important times, when wickedness doth so much abound, and the love of many is waxing cold, and others are carrying such burthens! O may the God of all grace stand by and support his people in this day of trial! The storm is gathering fast, and who will be able to stand, while the anger of the Lord is pouring out upon the inhabitants of the earth, for their ingratitude, particularly those of our favoured land, AMERICA! We have had peace and plenty for many years; but the fulness of bread was the destruction of Sodom! O that it may not be the case with us!

June 13th. May my soul and body be altogether devoted to that God, who

hath provided for me ever since I have had an existence! I have in some instances been brought into trying circumstances; but there hath always been a way opened for me, so that I have never lacked any thing so much as to say that I was in a suffering condition. For if I had it not, nor wherewith to procure it for myself, yet the Lord that hath the hearts of all men in his hands, would raise up some one to supply my wants!—Glory! glory! be to his Name for ever and ever, for all his mercies to such an unworthy mortal as me !--What is past we know; but what is to come we cannot tell. May we be prepared for whatever lies before us! The cloud seems gathering fast over our land! May the God that rules on high—that all the earth surveys, avert the threatening storm, and deliver us from the power of our enemies .- O the charms of America! shall they be destroyed by foreigners?-Shall the rich jewel of LIBERTY be plucked from the American crown by TY-RANTS ?- Forbid it mighty God !-

and grant, if we need chastisements, as no doubt we do, as a nation, to let us fall into THY HAND, rather than into the hand of man, for thou art merciful !- O that the people of this favoured land, might learn to be wise, in time to save our country from destruction! My soul mourns on account of my fellow mortals! May they be made sensible of the necessity of making their peace with God, before the evil day shall come, when they shall say "I have no pleasure in them."

June 14th. Through the favour and goodness of God I am still alive, and am blessed with as good health as I have enjoyed for many months; and trust my face is Zion-ward. Forever praised be the Lord for all blessings which I do enjoy. O may my soul drink deeper and deeper into that spirit which will enable me to bear the cross with joy; and not shrink from it like a coward, and the crown fall from my head, and others take the prize.

June 18th. Through the tender mercy of the Lord, who is over all and above all, I am still an inhabitant of this lower world, surrounded by dangers and difficulties; liable to stray in bye and forbidden paths; and the way appears so gloomy that I tremble at the prospect. I feel much concerned for the present state of my beloved country. There is so much dissention among the people of this most favoured of all lands, that I fear for its consequence. My heart has often been pained, to see the INGRA-TITUDE which has been prevalent in our peaceful, plentiful, and happy country.-Whilst other nations were almost deluged in blood, we have been blessed with peace in our borders; and the glorious gospel has been spread from shore to shore. But these happy days are gone, and for aught I know, or can see, it may be long before they will return, unless the Lord should undertake our cause. He can bring low and raise up-He sways kingdoms; and it is through his long suffering and tender mercy

that the world is kept in existence; for it groaneth under the wickedness of its inhabitants! If He were to enter into judgment with us, who could stand before him? And it appears he is about to visit the earth with a curse! It is surely time for those that profess to fear God, to awake and shake themselves from that indolence of spirit, which so prevails in our land; and lay siege to a throne of grace for deliverance: for he is all-sufficient, and can make a way, where it appears to us, short-sighted creatures, impossible for a way to be made. May he undertake our cause, and bring deliverance in whatever channel he thinks best.

Sunday, June 19th. I have been at Capt. John Anderson's, Hobucken, for several weeks, where I have been treated very kindly. Himself and wife are as agreeable a couple as I have met with for a long time, and I believe they wish well to the cause of religion; but they do not enjoy that peace in their own souls as they might. May the God of all grace attend them, and enable them to take up the cross, that they may be prepared for a seat at the right hand of God, at last.

On the twenty-ninth of June, we left New-York, after having been there for the space of near three months, for New-Haven, in the mailstage. We travelled through the most delightful country that my eyes ever beheld; the season was so charming! the gardens were in bloom; the fields and meadows clothed in their richest dress; so that the eye might be transported with pleasure at almost every glance. My heart was at the same time contemplating the goodness of God to the once happy land of America; but now, how soon her beauty might be laid in the dust, by the spoiler, we could not tell, and all her glory brought to naught! But there is a God, that rules over all; and I trust he will bring order out of confusion! May the people learn humility and submission, from the present calamity, to the will of the great Ruler of the universe.

We arrived at New-Haven about nine o'clock at night; we stopt at the stage-tavern, kept by a man that fears not God nor regards man, if we may judge by the appearance, but we could not get permission to stay there for the night. It being so late we could not find any friends, although there were Methodists in the place; consequently, we were under the necessity of seeking lodgings in any other public house: accordingly, we did, and slept there. But in the morning, Lorenzo went out to find the preacher, that is stationed at New-Haven, and in his way, he met with a brother Woolf, and he requested him to breakfast with him, and sent up to the public-house for me to come to his house; accordingly I did, but the people where we stayed, said that we ought to have eat breakfast with them, as we stayed there the night before; and so charged us one dollar and a half for our lodging, which Lorenzo paid.

The friends in New-Haven were very kind, and wished Lorenzo to stay over the Sabbath; this was on Thursday, he was anxious to get to his father's; but by the solicitation of brother Smith, the stationed preacher, and many others, he was prevailed on to stay. He preached on Thursday night and Friday night; and on Sunday he preached four times, the people appeared quite solemn and attentive. The preacher in that place, is one of the most affectionate, friendly men, that I have ever met with; may the Lord bless him, and make him useful to souls!

On Monday morning I left New-Haven, in company with a man and his wife for Branford, in their waggon; while Lorenzo stayed to give them another sermon, as it was the "Fourth of July," and there was an oration to be delivered by the great Mr. T\*\*\*\*; accordingly, he spoke something on the present state of our country, to an audience that were attentive. He then left there in a waggon, which belonged to a Quaker, who were going to see their friends in Branford, where he spoke again at night.

The next morning the friend that had brought us to Branford, started with us, to North Guilford, to a brother's of mine, that I had not seen for near thirty years. We were both very small at that time, but now he had a family of six children and a wife, and I felt much pleased to find that he had been industrious, and appeared to be doing well, as it relates to this world; and I trust he was not altogether indifferent to the things of another. His wife was in a low state of health, but I have no doubt but she enjoys religion: may the God of all grace bless them and their dear children. There I saw my step-mother also, that I had. not seen before, since I was six years of age: my heart glowed with affection towards her; may her last days be crowned with peace!

My brother took his waggon, and carried us to Durham, on the stage-road, and tarried with us that night; and in the morning bid us farewell, and returned home. A friend living at Durham, lent us a chaise to Middletown; where my Lorenzo held meet-

ing at night. There we met brother Burrows from Hebron, with a waggon, which was to return the next morning, in which we came to his house, where we stayed from Friday until Monday. Lorenzo preached on Friday night, and also on Sunday at the Methodist meeting-house; the people were solemn and attentive. At five o'clock, at another place four or five miles distant, and returned again that

night.

This place was about twelve or fourteen miles from his dear father's; and as we had no horse or carriage and brother Burrows made waggons, he bought a horse and waggon from him; and we started on Monday about three o'clock in the afternoon, and arrived at his father's just before dark. We were kindly received by his father and the rest of the family; we found the old gentleman in tolerable health; but being a man advanced in years, he was something feeble: we stayed with him from Monday until Saturday. This place is much degenerated from what they once were, when the candle of the Lord shone upon their heads; but now there is scarcely any that I saw, who appeared to enjoy religion! Our dear old father, seemed to be struggling for deliverance in the blood of Jesus; may the great Master appear to his soul, the first among ten thousand,

and altogether lovely!

We spent the week I may say in a solitary way, in taking our rambles through the lonely walks that my Lorenzo had taken in early days of childhood, before his tender mind was matured; and after he had arrived to the age of fifteen, when his heart was wrought upon by the Spirit of Godand this was the sweet grove at the foot of a beautiful hill, through which ran a charming rivulet of water; where he used to go to meditate and pray to that God, who was able to save and did deliver his soul, and enabled him to take up his cross, and go forth to call sinners to repentance.

My heart was pained to know and see that some part of the family, was not, or appeared not engaged to save their souls.

On Saturday, we started for Tolland, and from thence to Squarepond, where Lorenzo preached twice the next day, at the Methodist meetinghouse, to an attentive congregation; and at five o'clock at Tolland, the people seemed very solemn. Early on Monday morning we left Tolland, for Hartford, where Lorenzo preached at night, in a Presbyterian meetinghouse, to a tolerable congregation.-We met with kind treatment from a Doctor Lynds-may the Lord bless him and his! We left Hartford on Tuesday, and went to an aunt's of Lorenzo's that night, living about four or five miles from his father's. She appeared very glad to see us; and sent out and called in the neighbours, and Lorenzo gave them a short discourse. The next day Lorenzo was quite unwell, unable to sit up; but towards evening we made ready, and started for his father's, where we arrived in safety. Lorenzo had intended to leave me at his father's, while he took a journey to the east; but circumstances appeared not to favour it; and he concluded to take me with him. Accordingly, we made preparations for our departure, on Saturday morning, July 23d, 1814, after having stayed with his father for ten or twelve

days. I felt truly pained to part with the dear old man: may the Lord bless him, and make his last days abundant in peace !- My Lorenzo preached at Vernon at night, and in the morning, to an attentive little company-may the Lord make it like bread cast upon the waters! He preached at Hartford-five-miles, on Sunday,

to a crowded congregation.

July 25th. We have this day arrived at Hartford; and my Lorenzo has received his books from New-York, and furthermore we have heard of the arrival of a large force of our enemies' soldiers, landing on our once peaceful happy shore! O that the God that is able to save, would appear for our deliverance! although, as a nation, we have forfeited all right and title to protection; yet there is no where else to fly for deliverance!—O that we, as a nation, may be humbled before God, and lift our united cries to the throne of grace for his assistance!—May the tumults of the carth be hushed to silence, and people learn war no more! My soul longs to drink deeper into that spirit of love, to God and man, that I may be made useful to souls, and a comfort to my wandering companion, that I may be a helpmate indeed!

- " How vain are all things here below,
- " How false, and yet how fair!
- " Each pleasure has its poison too,
- " And every sweet a snare !"

O that the Lord would teach me the emptiness of earthly enjoyments, and help me to rely on him alone for support and comfort! O that my prospects for glory may brighten up, and my soul be struggling for full deliverance from every desire that is not centered in Him that is able to give all things!

I have been reading the exercise of a precious woman, who went with

her husband to the East-Indies, to relp him to preach the gospel to the poor ignorant Hindoos. O that the lesire which filled her soul, to spread he good news of glad-tidings of the Saviour, may prevail more and more!

We rode three miles from Hartford, the same day that we went there; and Lorenzo preached at night, at East Hartford, to, perhaps, one hun-Ired and fifty or two hundred, (and they were quite attentive,) from these words-"Behold I stand at the door and knock, if any man hear my voice and open the door, I will come in to him, and sup with him, and he with me." My mind was quite depressed, although I was enabled to close the meeting by prayer. I feel a gloom hanging over my mind, on the account of the present state of my country .-O! will the great God deliver our happy land into the hand of the spoier! O that God would hear and answer prayer; inspire, and then accept the prayer of us poor mortals !- My soul longs to be prepared for what. ever awaits us on the shores of time! If we live as we ought, we may rely on the providence of God, to protect us from every evil.—My Lorenzo is very unwell.—O that the Lord may give him grace and strength to do his duty, and call sinners to repentance! May the Lord bless his labours, and make him useful to souls!

I long to get more confidence, to take up my cross, and help him to spread the good news of glad tidings to all people—may God help me!

My desire is, that I may lie at the feet of Jesus, and be willing to love the cross, that I may wear the crown in those happy mansions above the skies! My heart, I find, is too often wandering from my God! O that I may arise and shake myself, and in the strength of Jesus, overcome my enemies, both of a spiritual and a temporal nature! I long to be altogether devoted to my God! Lorenzo expects to preach this evening—may the Lord attend, by the unction of his holy Spirit.

Lorenzo preached the last night; but I was so unwell that I could not attend: and he is to preach twice to day-may the Lord stand by him, and make his words sharp and piercing, reaching the hearts of those that hear!

My soul longs to be more alive to God, that I may be made more useful to my fellow creatures, and help my companion to spread the glorious gospel through this weary land: we are wanderers on earth—we have no abiding home in this world, but are seeking one above-may the God of all grace enable us to keep the prize in view, and deliver us from all our encmies.

My Lorenzo hath spoke once to day, and is to speak again the Zion-

ning-may the Lord

with power. It meeting it will be to live in the tempted followers of Je-

For whatome:

were to and nere on a green and flow'ry mount It wo ir weary souls shall sit; tion! with transporting joys recount press he labours of our feet."

July 28th. Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits! What reason I have to be thankful to my great Benefactor for mercies to me, a poor wanderer upon the earth: that I am provided with kind friends in this world of woe !-May my heart glow with gratitude to my God and my fellow mortals for the blessings that I do enjoy! May the great Master reward those that are willing to administer to the necessities of those that have taken their lives in their hands, and have gone forth to sound the alarm, and call sinners to repentance—to offer them was salvation in the blood of Jesus! may arise longs to see Zion prosper; the strength of Juers inquiring the enemies, both of a spirit happiness. O poral nature! I long to be heart with devoted to my God! Lorenzo tilly to to preach this evening—may the to ob-attend, by the unction of his enough ength Spirit.

Lorenzo preached the last niwhich but I was so unwell that I could soul, awake!—lift up a cry to the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, for full redemption in the blood of Jesus!

Lorenzo preached three times at East Windsor; but the people are like the nether mill-stone, hard and unfeeling: may the Lord soften their hard hearts, and bring them to a sense of their danger! We were at a kind family by the name of Stoten. May the Lord prosper them in the way to glory. My heart hath felt somewhat refreshed since I came to the house of friend Barker's, living in West Windsor. Lorenzo hath been acquainted with the family sixteen years ago-it does my heart good to meet those that have their faces Zionward!

What a sweet meeting it will be when all the tempted followers of Jesus get home:

<sup>&</sup>quot;There on a green and flow'ry mount Our weary souls shall sit; And with transporting joys recount The labours of our feet."

What a prize! Is it not worth the striving for? O may I be more zealous in the way of my duty—more wil-

ling to take up the cross. The news of war is saluting our ears daily. O that God may prepare us for whatever awaits us-and if a scourge is necessary, may it bring us, as a nation, to the feet of Jesus! My heart is pained within me! O Lord, prepare to submit to thy will, with the rest of the poor fallen race of Adam! We have all sinned, and come short of the glory of God, and deserve chastisement: O that we may fall into the hand of God rather than the hand of man-for he is merciful! I feel a desire to submit without murmuring, but our hearts are so refractory, we need the influence of grace, to make us what we ought to be-My Lord help America!

July 29th. Lorenzo preached last evening to a tolerable company, considering it was a very unpleasant night; and they gave very good attention—may the Lord make it like seed sown on good ground, that shall bring forth fruit in due time! There-

seems to be a number in this place that are heaven-born and heavenbound-may the Lord make them burning and shining lights in the land wherein they live, that may be like unto the leaven that was hid in three measures of meal, leavening the whole lump; so that the flame may continue to increase until the town shall be filled with the glory of God! My soul longs to see Zion prosper! O God, fill my heart with love to Thee and my fellow sinners; my heart is pained to see so little good done as there is-may God revive his work once more in the land.

" Through grace I am determin'd To conquer though I die; And then away to Jesus, On wings of love I'll fly !"

I am a stranger and pilgrim on earth, together with my dear companion; but we have the promise of a substantial inheritance, if we are faithful, and continue to the end!

<sup>&</sup>quot; The Lord my pasture shall prepare, And feed me with a shepherd's care;

My noon-day walks he shall attend, And all my midnight hours defend."

O Lord, help me to rely upon thy

promises, by faith!

July 31st, 1814. What cause have I to adore that beneficent Hand, that hath and doth still provide for such a poor unprofitable creature as me!—may my heart be filled with grateful songs of praise to the great Master.

We left Hartford on the morning of the 30th, without knowing whither we went, or when we should find a resting place for the night-but God provided for us, beyond what we could have expected: we met with an old man, and after speaking to him, we found him to be one of those who are striving to walk the narrow happy road—and he told us of a family who he thought would be glad to see Lorenzo: accordingly, we went there. and found it even so-this is called Barkhamstead. They received us with affection, and every attention possible—there names were Francis. Lorenzo held two meetings at a barn,

within about a mile from this friend's; the people were solemn and attentive. There I met two of my uncle's daughters very unexpectedly—they lived in this neighbourhood: they appeared glad to see me, this being the first time I had ever seen them since I could recollect. I have had as little acquaintance with any of my relations as most. This circumstance excited a sensation in my heart, that I was almost a stranger to before-I felt such a drawing towards them! O that the Lord would give them to feel the necessity of living up to the requirements of the gospel, that we may meet at last on the happy banks of everlasting deliverance! In the evening we went about five miles further, where Lorenzo preached again. This was the third time he had preached this day-may the Lord strengthen his body and soul, to cry aloud, and spare not, to sinners to repent.

Monday morning, August 1st. Lorenzo preaches again this morning at 5 o'cleck. O that the Lord would make him more and more useful to

his fellow mortals. I feel this morning a desire to be more engaged with my God! O that my heart might be filled with all the fulness of the Spirit, that I may be more willing to take up my cross and help my companion to do good! Time is short-we are hastening to Eternity! O that our days may be spent in the service of God, helping souls on to the peaceful mansions of rest. We left brother Coe's this morning, and went on about seven or eight miles; and our horse was taken sick; we stopped at a public house, and the people seemed willing to help us to administer some relief. I felt my mind quite composed, knowing that he who dealeth out to us, knoweth what is best, and what good may result from it we cannot tell!

The family was desirous Lorenzo should hold a meeting here this evening, and he hath consented. May the Lord stand by him, and enable him to declare the whole counsel of God, to those that may come out to hear! May my heart feel more engaged for the

salvation of souls!

August 3rd. What cause of gratitude I have to the God of all mercies, that it is as well with me this morning as it is !- may my heart be filled with grateful songs of praise for his preservation! We started from the public house, where our horse was sick, on Tuesday morning the 2nd day of August. Lorenzo having preached the evening before to a small congregation-but quite attentive. I think there were really pious, humble souls !-but I left there condemned in my own mind, for not taking up my cross-may the Lord forgive me, and enable me to be more obedient in future!

We intended to reach Lenox that night, which was about 30 miles; our horse appearing quite well. It was not far from sunrise: the day appeared very gloomy—we travelled on until about 6 o'clock, then we stopped at a tavern and got some refreshment; they made a tolerable heavy charge—we paid it—and Lorenzo gave them two books; he requested the man to let one of them circulate through the

neighbourhood, hoping it might prove a blessing to some!—God grant it for his mercy's sake! We continued on our way through a wood, four or five miles; lying nearly on the Farmington river, over a mountain of considable height; the road was very good, and the prospect delightful to me; the river breaking through the rocks appeared to me very majestic, while the banks were clothed with delightful green.-My heart was charmed with the scene. After we got over the mountain, the country seemed more thinly inhabited than any part of Connecticut that I have been in-May the Lord bless the people. We travelled on until between one and two o'clock-then we stopped and gave our horse some food. By this time the clouds began to grow somewhat more gloomy-but we did not think the storm was so near :--we started-but had not got more than a mile and a half, before the clouds began to discharge their contents at such dreadful rate, that we were almost blinded with the rain-and no house near that TO THE JOURNEY OF LIFE. 227

we could retreat to! At last we came to a place where there was a house over in the lot, and also a barn; we drove up to the bars, and I got out and ran to the barn; but there seemed to be no assylum from the impetuous rain: from thence I ran to the house, but no one lived there, so Lwas compelled to return to the barnwhere, by the time Lorenzo had got, with his horse and waggon, and drove them into the barn upon the floor, I was wet through and through. I crept upon the mow, and he reached me my trunk-there I changed my clothes-but he was not so well off, for he was under the necessity of keeping his on. We stayed there until the storm was over-then we made the best of our way to Lenox, where we arrived a little before sunset-we got into a friend's house, where we were treated very kind. Lorenzo appeared to have taken some coldbut we have reason to be thankful that it is no worse .- We have a trying world to pass through: - 0 that the Lord may enable us to keep the prize

in view; that our conflicts may prove blessings to our souls, and we at last come off more than conquerors through him that has loved us and given himself for us! Lorenzo hath had the privilege of preaching in the Court-house twice, and perhaps he may hold meeting there again this evening-may the Lord that can answer by fire, attend the word with power to the hearts of those that hear! O my soul, look up to him that is able to save, for all the strength that is necessary to enable me to bare with patience, whatever may be the will of my heavenly Father to inflict.

My soul longs to enjoy more of the perfect love of God, that I may in all things say, "not my will, but thine be done!"

August 4th. Through the goodness of the Friend of sinners, I am still alive, and better in health than I could expect, considering my exposure for a few days past. May my heart be grateful to him that supplies all my wants. We left Lenox-this morning, and have come to Pitts-

field, this is a delightful country, but the same gloom appears to hang over the country as it relates to religion! O that the cloud would break, and the work of God revive once more!—may my heart glow with love to God and my fellow sinners: I want to be a true follower of the meek and lowly Jesus; be prepared for life or death, a living witness of his goodness, and when I am called to bid adieu to this world of woe, that I may leave it in peace!

August 5th. How much I am indebted to the rich mercy of a kind Providence, for the many blessings which I do enjoy-the favour of kind friends, while a wanderer on earth. We left Lenox the morning of the 4th, and went to the north part of Pittsfield, to old friend Wards, where we were received with seeming friendship; but my Lorenzo could not get the people notified as he had expected he might have done, when he thought of going there at night, but concluded to start from there early the next morning; but several people coming in that evening, appeared so anxious

that he should preach before he left the place, that he concluded to stay, if they would give notice, which they promised to do, at half past 10 o'clock the following day, and at evening in the centre of the town-it being a day set apart for a fast by the Methodists. Accordingly we repaired at the appointed hour to the meeting house, where a considerable number of people were collected, and Lorenzo spoke to them on the duty of fasting from these words, In those days shall they fast," with a good degree of liberty: the people were very solemn and attentive-may God make it a blessing to some souls. From thence we came to the centre of the town, to a brother Green's, where we were received with great kindness. O that the great Master may reward those who are willing to receive his wandering Pilgrims and make them comfortable with every needed blessing for time and eternity. O that I could always keep the place of Marry at the feet of Jesus! Lord give me more of the loving spirit which she possessed-that my soul may enjoy the blessings that are laid up for those that are faithful. My Lorenzo is much afflicted of late with his old complaint—may God give him and me grace to say the will of the Lord be done.

August 6th. My mind is quite depressed this day—the fluctuating scenes of life have too much impression on my heart. O that my Lord would give me grace to bear them with patience! We are still in Pittsfield;—the people are kind, but they have their peculiarities, so inquisitive to know the concerns of others!!—may the Lord help us to look more carefully into our own hearts; and see that we are right before God! I need more of the spirit of submission to the will of my Master.

August 7th. My poor companion hath been very much afflicted yesterday and the last night, with the tooth-ache, in so great a degree, that he could not attend the appointment the last evening, which gave me some pain, as I knew it would be a disappointment to many. I thought if I

could have gone and spoken to the people, if I could have spoke any thing to the edification of souls, it would, I thought, have been a great comfort to my mind. My health is but poor; may God strengthen my body: and above all, may my heart be so filled with love to my fellow sinners, that I may call upon them to close in with the overtures of mercy! I felt such a desire that souls might be benefitted, that I could not sleep. O that I may be willing to take up my cross, and if the Lord has any thing for such an unworthy creature as me to do, may I not be so loath to accede to it. I feel many times much distressed or account of my backwardness. O that I may be a cross-bearer indeed. Lorenzo hath gone to speak to those who will assemble to hear the word, in much weakness of body: may that God who is able to bring strength out of weakness, stand by him, and enable him to declare the whole counsel of God. He labours under many weaknesses, but this I trust is his consolation, that when his work is done, he will receive

double for all his pain! O that I may willingly take my share with him in this vale of woe, that I may share with him in the reward! May the Lord bless his labours this day. We returned to Pitts-field town in the afternoon, and he preached at 5 o'clock to a crowded congregation.-They were really attentive—may the Lord seal conviction on their hearts. This was the third time he had spoke that day: he returned to brother Green's where we lodged, and seemed much better than he was in the morning: in the evening there was a number who eame in, and he spoke to them again, and it was quite a solemn time; my heart was much drawn out in prayer that the Lord would bless them.

We expected to have left the place on Monday morning, but the weather proved so unfavourable that it was impracticable: consequently we stayed until Tuesday; then we left brother Green's and came on to Bennington that night, to apublic house; where Lorenzo got permission to hold meeting in a large ball room; he hired two little boys to go down into the middle of the town to give notice, and others told some, so that there were perhaps more than one hundred that attended; they gave very good attention-God grant they may profit by it. On Tuesday the 9th of August we left Bennington, and came to Cambridge white meeting house; where we took breakfast. This brought to my recollection former times, when I was a child; the rambles that I have taken among my companions through this delightful spot! now those that were my companions, are married, and have large families; many have gone to the "SILENT TOMB," whither we are all hastening. May the Lord prepare us for that important day. We then started for my sister's, living near the Batonkiln river; where we arrived a little before night. My sister was much rejoiced to see us, and I was not less happy to meet with a sister whom I had not seen but once in more than twenty years. I found her enjoying a good degree of peace and plenty: a kind husband and a sufficiency of this worlds goods; and I trust her face is Zionward! may God help us to keep on our journey until we

meet to part no more! Sunday, August 14th. Bless the Lord my soul for the present mercies that I do enjoy: I have been privileged once more of meeting with a kind sister; my heart warms with affection towards her. She appears to be striving to make her way to mount Zion. May the Friend of sinners be her guide and support through this vale of tears, and may we meet on the peaceful banks of blest eternity at last, with those of our friends that have arrived there before us. She is blessed with an affectionate friend and companion; may the Lord make them happy in

time and in eternity.

Lorenzo is very much afflicted with
the old complaint, that has followed
him almost all his life. This northern clime disagrees greatly with his
health, and I know not what will be
the consequence, if he stays long in
this part of the world. My sister
wishes me to stay with her for some

time, but I cannot feel reconciled to let my companion go and leave me behind; and on the whole, I think I had rather go and take my chance with him, until it is the will of our God to part us by his Providence. May the Lord help us to feel resigned to his will in all things, enable us to keep the prize in view, and be faithful to our good God while on earth we stay, and be prepared to shout hallelujahs above, among the bloodwashed throng,

in the paradise of God!

Monday, 15th. My Lorenzo preached twice yesterday in this place, and some were offended at his doctrine; this shows how prejudiced people are infavour of their own notions: may the Lord help people to discern between truth and error—my heart's desire is to keep the narrow road that leads to joys on high: may the way appear more plain to my understanding, and my heart feel more love to God and man; we know not what is in store for us, nor how many conflicts we may have to pass through; may our days be spent in the service of the great

Master, so that whether we have pleasure or pain, we may be enabled to say, the will of the Lord be done! the way of danger we are in, and we need the influence of his grace to speed us on our way. The cloud seems to darken, and what may be the troubles that America may have to encounter we do not know: may that God who is able to deliver nations as well as individuals, undertake our cause, and make it a blessing to the inhabitants of this our once happy land; my soul longs for the prosperity of my country, and that precious souls may be brought to the knowledge of the truth, as it is in Christ Jesus the Lord! O that my heart may feel a greater inward struggle for the welfare of my dear fellow mortals; and keep the crown in view myself!

Tuesday, August 16th. I am still the spared monument of mercy; O that my soul may glow with love and gratitude to my great Benefactor, for all his favours to unworthy me .-But my cold heart is too little warmed by all these blessings! O God, give

me more of that inward purity of heart, that my life may be like an even spun thread!—my heart and soul engaged in the work, to help my Lorenzo to cry aloud to poor sinners to turn to God, and seek the salvation of their poor souls!

"Come Lord from above,
These mountains remove;
O'erturn all that hinders the course of
thy love."

Wednesday morning, August 17th. We have been one week at my brother-in-law's, and they are very kind; we have taken much satisfaction with my sister and her husband; may their hearts be placed on those riches that are durable and will never fade! I feel my heart too little alive to my God. O that I had more of the power of living faith!

"The praying spirit breathe,
The watching pow'r impart;
From all entanglement beneath,
Call off my peaceful heart!"

August 19th. We left my dear sister's yesterday, with hearts much affected, not knowing whether we should meet again on mortal shores, but hoping if we meet no more below, we may have a happy meeting in that bright world above, where separation will be dreaded no more!

We travelled about twenty-three miles, and met with a kind family, where we put up for the night. In the morning, by the time the day broke, we started for the Saratoga Springs, where we were aiming, and arrived there by six o'clock. There Lorenzo met a lady from South Carolina, who had treated him with every attention when at the White Sulphur Springs in Virginia, and also at her own house at Charleston. She still appeared much pleased to meet with him here: she invited him to call upon them at their lodgings, at the Columbian Hotel. Accordingly we did, and were treated with great politeness. Lorenzo received an invitation to preach in the afternoon at four o'clock, which he accepted. O

may the word come from the heart, and reach the hearts of those that hear; may his labours be blessed to the people in this place!—my soul longs to see the work revive, and souls brought to the knowledge of the truth. We are now at the springs, but which way we shall bend our course when we leave here, I cannot tell. May the Lord direct our steps in that way which will be most for our good and his glory!

I am a wanderer upon the earth! may the Lord help me to be resigned to his will in all things-I feel to shrink-from the cross at times; but the desire of my heart is, that I may be a willing follower of the meek and lowly Jesus. My soul's desire and prayer to God is, that the people of America may learn righteousness, and put their trust in that God that is able to save. O! my heart is pained to see so much inattention to the one thing needful, and I also mourn before God for the coldness of my heart! O. that I may be stirred up to more diligence in my duty!

Saturday, Aug. 20th. The Springs seem to have a salutary effect upon me-may my soul glow with gratitude to my great and good Benefactor for all his mercies to unworthy me. I am under many obligations to him who supplieth all our necessities-may my soul ever feel sensations of love to my precious Redeemer for these unmerited favours, bestowed on such an unprofitable creature as me! My poor companion is still much afflicted with the asthma, which makes him very feeble in body; but I pray God to strengthen his soul, and give him wisdom from above to prevail on precious souls to close in with the overtures of mercy! The Lord help us to wait patiently to see the salvation of God!

> "The way of danger we are in, Beset by devils, men and sin!"

But may we view the line drawn by the Friend of sinners, and keep there; so that we may be prepared to pass over Jordan with joy, and everlasting songs of praise to him who conquered

death and the grave; and made it possible for the ruined race of Adam

to obtain peace and pardon!

Monday, August 22d. Through the tender mercies of a Beneficent Providence I am still alive and out of eternity! O may my soul be bowed down at his footstool-feeling gratitude to that hand who hath preserved and provided for me in this unfriendly world! I, of all creatures, have the most reason to be thankful; the Lord hath raised me up friends to supply all my necessities-may the great Master have all the glory. Lorenze preached at the Springs on Sunday the 20th, to an attentive congregation, though made up of various characters, and some of the first rank-but gentlemen or ladies may be known by their behaviour, meet them where you will, At Milligin's, (living about six or seven miles from the Springs,) he met a large company, but of quite a different cast—they gave him a quiet hearing !- may the Lord turn curiosity into godly sincerity; my soul longs to see Zion prosper! Alady at

the Springs had requested us to return in the morning before she should leave there, as she expected to start for the Balls-town Springs soon after breakfast. Accordingly, we started very soon in the morning, and arrived about six at the Columbian Hotel—where this lady, with one more, had invited us. They appeared very friendly; they were from South Carolina, by the name of Coldon and Harper—the latter made me a present of six dollars: may the Lord reward her as well as others, for their liberality to me!

Thursday, August 25th. I am now at Balls-town Springs, whither we came on Tuesday, for the benefit of the water. We have met with a kind family, for which I desire to be truly thankful to that gracious Providence who hath opened the hearts of many to shew us kindness—May he reward them richly in this world, and in the next bestow on them a crown of glory! Lorenzo hath left me this morning, to fulfil some appointments which have been given out for him—may the

great Master attend him with his grace, and bless his labours to precious souls! I should rejoice to see the prosperity of Zion! May the Lord prosper his people! and make them of one heart and of one mind, that they may join together to build up the cause of God, and not stand in the way of sinners! When that happy day will arrive I know not, but whosoever lives to see that period may truly rejoice!

We stayed a few days more in this place. There are but few people here, I am afraid, that truly love and serve the Lord! O that something might take place to bring them to a sense of their danger, and cause them to seek the Lord in good earnest! The way of sin and transgression is hard and dangerous! May the Lord teach me my duty, and enable me to walk in the way of holiness, that my last end may be peace! The prospect before me' is something dark and gloomy at times, while I am tossed to and fro upon the boisterous ocean of life-but the Lord hath been my helpor hitherto, and I trust he will save

to the end! My soul needs more grace and strength to stem the torrent of difficulties and dangers that I have to encounter, but the arm of the Lord is sufficient! What is before me I know not-but I hope to put my trust in the Lord, who is able to save, and not say my will, but thine be done!

August 27th. My soul is much depressed this morning. I spent the last night at a house, where the woman is a methodist, but the man makes no profession of religion. I felt myself quite embarrassed, as he appeared very unsociable. I have returned to brother Webster's; they are kind, but have a good many in family. My way appears something difficult, but I pray God to help me to sink into his will; and in whatever situation I may be brought in, to learn therewith to be content! O thou Friend of sinners, draw nigh and give me more of the true spirit of Christian love!

I pray my God to give my poor companion strength of body and mind, to be useful to souls, that when his work is finished on earth, he may enter into joys on high! O happy, happy day, when the labourer shall receive his reward! May he be faithful to his God, that he may have a clear sky, and a glorious prospect of that rich inheritance, which is laid up for those that are faithful to their God!

"O may my lot be cast with these, The least of Jesu's witnesses"

on earth, and at last join the blood-

washed throng above!

Sunday, August 28th. This is the day that our all-conquering Saviour burst the bands of death, and led captivity captive; opened the door of mercy to the enslaved sons and daughters of Adam, that they may profit by the rich sacrifice which hath been offered for their redemption! What matter of sorrow it is, that the offers of such unbounded mercy should be neglected by those who are so deeply interested in it, to prepare them for the day of adversity and death; which must assuredly overtake them, wheth-

er they will or not-there is no escape! moments fly on without control, and will shortly bring us to the place appointed for all living! O that it may rest with ponderous weight on the hearts of all concerned in it! And thou, O my soul! look well to thyself, that thou mayest meet thy Judge in peace, when he shall come in the clouds of heaven, attended with his glorious retinue of saints and angels, to set in judgment on the descendants of the first man and woman! who have ALL had the offers of life and salvation made to them! It will be a joyful day to those who have improved their time, " and washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb"-but O what horror will seize the guilty soul that squandered away his precious time, and slighted the overtures of mercy! who done despite to the Spirit of grace and the Son, who took upon him the form of a servant, spent many years of toil and pain, and at last gave his life a ransom for our salvation! O what unbounded mercy! O unexampled love! Why are not our souls lost in wonder, love, and praise! May I ever tremble at his word! My departure may be at hand—time is short at the longest. O that I may improve my precious moments as they pass, to the glory of my God, and the good of my own immortal soul!

My Lorenzo is engaged in blowing the gospel trumpet—may the Lord bless and be with him while absent from me, and at last bring us to meet to part no more in that sweet world

of love!

August 29th. My companion hath returned this morning. We left the Springs, and came on to Greenfield to Dr. Young's. Lorenzo had an appointment to preach at ten o'clock—the people assembled at the time appointed—Lorenzo was quite feeble in body, but he stood up and gave them a discourse on "the great day of his wrath is come, and who shall be able to stand?" with a good degree of liberty. I felt my heart somewhat refreshed under the word, and the people appeared very attentive. I

think there are some souls in this place who truly love the great Master-may the Lord prosper them on their journey, and preserve them from the evils that are in the world!

My Lorenzo left it to others to give out a few appointments, which they had in such a manner that he would be much pinched for time: consequently, he was under the necessity of getting some person for a pilot, and go on horseback; as that would be a more speedy way of conveyance than his waggon. Accordingly he started, leaving me behind at the doctor's, until he should return.-He had to preach that afternoon, and again at night; and once or twice, and perhaps three times, the next day. May that God, whom he is striving to serve, strengthen him, soul and body, to cry aloud and spare not, to sinners to repent! My heart is many times pained on his account: O that I could oftener say, Not my will, but thine be done-that whether our days be many or few, they may all be devoted to God.

August 30th. The Lord is still gracious to unworthy me, in giving me a good degree of strength of body, and a desire in my soul to make my way through this trying world to a peaceful eternity! O that I may have the whole armour to fight the battles of my Master, and through his

strength come off victorious!

The days are truly evil, and we need much grace to enable us to keep the narrow way, and not lose our guide; for we are surrounded by enemies on every hand: some, who profess to love the Lord, are WATCHING FOR EVIL, and not for good :- may they be sensible that it was a command of our blessed Saviour, "to love one another" as he hath loved us! May our hearts overflow with love to God, and our brethren! My soul longs for more of that spirit, that my heart might melt at human woe! May my soul feel for my dear fellow sinners, that I may bear them up by faith, to a throne of grace, knowing their souls are in danger, while living without God in the world! My lot is a peculiar one, may

God help me to fill the station that hath fallen to me, with true courage and fortitude. My companion is calling sinners to repentance, under many trials and inconveniencies: may the Lord stand by him, and give him power, and wisdom, from above, to give to every one a portion in due season!

Wednesday, August 31st. We have come eight or ten miles this morning; after Lorenzo had preached at sunrise, to a considerable congregation, with a good degree of liberty: the people were very serious, and many I trust were true lovers of Jesus! In about two days Lorenzo preached seven times; the last meeting was under the trees by moonlight; the prospect was delightful, he addressed the people from these words: "Who is she that looketh forth as the morning, fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners." The people were solemn and tender. After this meeting he came to Dr. Young's, where I had been left two days and one night. May the Lord strengthen his body and soul,

that he may cry aloud, and spare not for sinners to repent. The times are truly awful, and alarming; may God send the word home with power to the hearts of the impenitent, that they may take the alarm, and fly to the arms of Jesus for shelter, before troubles shall overtake them.

We have heard a report that the city of Washington is taken by the enemy and burned, but I hope it is not so: be that as it may, we must strive to sink into the will of the Lord! What though the fire, or plague, or sword, receive commission from the Lord to strike his saints among the rest, their very pains and deaths are blest! O that the Lord would prepare them for every event of his providence! I think I should be willing to go to any part of the world, if the Lord would make duty plain before us; the way seems to be intricate at present, although our way hath been opened in a very wonderful manner since we left Virginia. Bless the Lord O my soul! and let all within me join to praise his holy name! may he guide us in the way he would have us to go, and teach us our duty, and enable us willingly to bear the cross, that we may wear

a crown of glory at last.

If our happy land should be brought into bondage to a foreign foe, the times will be distressing beyond what many imagine. I pray God to deliver us from our enemies, if it is consistent with his will; and if we need a scourge, that we may fall into the hands of God, and not man; my heart is pained on the account of my country.

My companion preached on Thursday, 1st of September, three times; first at a Methodist meeting-house in Malta, where we had a sweet and precious time, there were many praying souls present: from thence we came on to a friend's house, where we got some refreshment: we then went to another appointment at a large "steeple house" where he had been requested to preach by some person; but the house was shut when we arrived, and was not opened at all, for what reason I cannot tell; but expect it was through prejudice: but this

did not dishearten him, he stood up by the side of the house, and gave them a discourse on "many are called, but few are chosen." The people were attentive in general, except one or two, who thought their craft in danger; they grumbled a little to themselves, but did not make much disturbance: we had a peaceable waiting before the Lord. From thence we came on to Still Water village, where he had another appointment; there he spoke in the open air, to a tolerable congregation, who gave good attention: there the meeting house was shut also against him. From thence we came on to the Borough, to a brother Even's, where we stayed that night, the next day Lorenzo had an appointment at ten o'clock; my prayer to the Lord was that he would stand by him. We were on our way to the city of N. York, and what awaited us there I could not tell, the gloomy clouds seemed gathering over our hemisphere; our once happy land is involved in a bloody war, and what will be the end of it, we cannot tell; may

the great Master give those that have an interest at the throne of grace, the true spirit of agonizing prayer, to cry mightily to God for deliverance from the thraldom of war!

My Lorenzo is drawn to visit a land far distant from that which gave him birth; may God teach him the way he would have him go! My desire is, that God would direct our steps, and enable us to do our duty; that when the storms of life are over, we may sit down in the paradise of God!

Friday, Sept. 3rd. This day Lorenzo hath preached once at the Borough, to an attentive congregation; we found kind friends in this place. From thence we came to Waterford, and stopped at friend King's, where we were received with expressions of kindness. They, with one more, rejuested Lorenzo, to stay over the Sabpath, which he consented to; my soul's lesire was, that the Lord would stand by him, and make his stay profitable o souls !

My heart was something gloomy, he prospect was dark, the times pre-

carious; what was before us, I could not tell, and I felt my heart drawn out in prayer to God, that he would help us to walk in the way he would have us to go: my desire is, that I may be prepared for all the troubles and difficulties, that I may have to encounter in this world of woe! My dear companion in tribulation is quite feeble in body, which gives me much pain. O that I may learn the lesson of submission: the time is fast approaching when sorrow will be turned into joy, to those that are faithful to the God of all grace! O that I may be of that happy number!

Lorenzo is preaching in Waterford still; on Friday and on Saturday night, on Sunday morning at sun-rise, and at eight o'clock: the people came out very well, and appeared very solemn, and I trust good was done in the name of the Lord. May the Lord inspire our hearts, to cry mightily to him who is able to save; for ourselves, and our country; it lies near my heart, and O that the people may feel interested for its welfare, and lay at the feet of

## the Master, and humble themselves in the dust, that God may deliver us!

September 6th. We came to Lancinburgh, the appointment having been given out the day before; but Mr. Chichester, a local preacher, who had been a principal man in building the meeting-house in that place, forbid his preaching in it; consequently, the people erected seats by the side of a large brick bouse, for accommodation beneath its shade, where we had a refreshing time from the presence of the Lord: my heart was grateful that his blessings were not confined to any particular place: for if we fly to the desert, behold he is there—in the city or country—still the Throne of grace is accessible to the humble soul! May God ever keep us from pride, and vainglory, that we may always keep the intercourse open between our souls and him!

From thence we went to Troy, but the same difficulty existed there, the meeting house was shut in this place also; but to repaired to the market-house, where he soon had a large company, and spoke to them there; many appeared quite secous: may conviction fasten on their hearts! We had been a Troy about six years before, and then had more friends than we could visit; but now we were under the necessity of coing to a public house to put up for the night: but after Lorenzo had done preaching, and we had retired to our lodgings, there was a friend, who we had no previous acquantance with, came to the tavern where we were, and requested us to and sleep at his house, which after some hesitation we account

epted, but left our horse where he was.

The different treatment we met with now, from what we and received in years that were past, made a very great impression on my mind. Lorenzo had preached in this same place a number of times about six years previous, and was treated with much kindness by the Methodists; but now they

were very distant.

We left Troy about eight o'clock on Monday morning, and ravelled more than forty miles that day, and stayed at a public house at night. We started early in the morning, and ame about seven miles, to a house of entertainment, where we stopped for breakfast. There Lorenzo missed his pocket-book—he left it under his pillow—it had bank notes of consicrable amount in it: he took the horse, borrowed a saddle, ode back and found it, which was matter of thankfulness to is. After taking breakfast, we started and came on to Rine-eck Flats, but made no stop; from thence to the ferry. We ad to cross in a sail boat, and the wind blew quite hard, so hat it appeared considerably gloomy to me; but we got over cry well. We wished to get to Sopus, or rather Kingston,

which was about three miles from the ferry, before we stopped. We came on, and the first thing we saw when the town appeared in view, was a numerous concourse of people assembled together, to see the soldiers take their departure for the city of New York, to defend it, if necessary, from the enemy. This filled my heart with pain and sorrow, when I considered they were liable to fall in the contest, and leave perhaps a wife and children unprotected; and if not a wife and children, they had parents whose hearts were bleeding at the prospect—May God deliver us in his own good time.

We were received by brother and sister Covel with friendship: may the Lord reward them in this world with every temporal blessing necessary, and crown them at last with a crown of glory! It gives me fresh courage when I meet with those who love and serve the Lord, for we find such to be

kind and affectionate to all.

The times are truly awful!—may the Lord stand by his followers, and help them to lay at his feet, that they may be prepared for the gathering storm—my God, give me more grace to hang my soul on Thee! I know what I have passed through, but what is to come I cannot tell: but if God be for us, who can be against us? O that we may so live, that we

may be prepared for the worst.

Since we left our father's, we have travelled several hurdred miles, through a delightful country, flowing as it were, with milk and loney"—plenty abounds on every hand—nothing is lacking but a grateful sense from whence these mereies flow. May God inspire the hearts of the people with a due sense of their privileges, both of a spiritual and temporal nature, which they do enjoy; and may they esteem them as they ought, that they may be saved from destruction!

We stayed two nights and part of three days at friend Covel's; and Lorenzo had two meetings in the town, in a courthouse, to a crowded audience; and they were as attentive as could be expected, considering what a thoughtless place it

was-may God have mercy upon them!

We left friend Covel's on Thursday, September 5th, and travelled on until night, and stopped at a public house; from thence we came on towards Newburgh, and about ten o'clock we came to a brother Fowler's, and called; but he not being at home, and the family not choosing to give us an invitation to stop, we kept on to Newburgh. We had been directed to call at a friend's house, by the hame of Cowles, but could not find him. We then continued on our way, intending, the first public house we came to, to stop, and get some effreshment; but in passing a toll bridge, the old man who attended it knew Lorenzo, and solicited him so earnestly to stop and take breakfast, that he consented. They appeared and entertained us as well as we could wish; it

was done with such cheerfulness, that it made it a pleasant repast to us indeed. O that people who have it in their power to do good in the world, would be more liberal, and not let the POOR outdo them, and so take their crown!—May God have merey on the high and lofty ones of the earth, and teach them they are born to die, and perhaps their dust will mingle with the beggars! and if they are not purified by grace, their souls will appear guilty before God! and how can they stand in that great day, when the dread alarm shall be sounded—arise ye dead and come to judgment! My God make us all sensible of the necessity of being ready to meet our judge in the air!

From the toll bridge we came on to a public house, and stopped to feed our horse; and while he was eating, there was a woman, who we had met in a waggon a little before we got to this house, who thinking this was Lorenzo, had returned back to this house, and requesting him to stop and preach to the people in this neighbourhood: the tavern-keeper also solicited him, saying he would notify the neighbours. Lorenzo then consented to stay; and we went about a mile further, to sleep at a house where they were Methodists. 'The place where we went to was a delightful spot, situated in a valley, between two considerable mountains, covered with shrubs and trees, but not very fertile, which made the contrast more striking. The house was surrounded with meadows and fruit trees—the scene appeared charming beyond description ! This would be a sweet retreat, was suggested to my mind; if we had but a few select friends, whose souls were formed for social pleasure, as it relates to spiritual and temporal converse!

But stop, my fancy! stay thy soul on God, who can give peace even on the raging ocean. To him, and him alone would I look for comfort, and not to objects which are so transient: my lot appears to be in a peculiar sphere, and I hope in love and mercy the Master will enable me to fill it

with patience and submission.

We left Cornwall on Saturday morning, and proceeded on our way toward the city of New York: we made such progress, that we got within fifteen or sixteen miles of the city that night, and put up at a public house; where we were much disturbed by some town's people, who, I believe, did it on purpose, on the account of our appearance. O that they may be made sensible of the duty they owe to THEM-SELVES, their GOD, and their NEIGHBOUR!

We started early on Sunday morning, and got to a brother Paradise's, at Bull's Ferry, where we left our horse and waggon—Lorenzo hired a Presbyterian man to keep him: and brother Paradise took a small boat and rowed us down to the city. My mind was qyerspread with a gloom, but I strove to put my trust in the Lord—we had a pleasant time on the water—we got down to New York about two o'clock, and went to our old friend brother Munson's, and was received with the same marks of friendship as formerly—may the Lord reward them for their kindness to us. Our situation is as good at present as it has ever been, as it relates to our temporal prospects, but no doubt trials await us still: may the Lord repare us for whatever may befal us in the way of duty! I have met with another kind family, who I am under many obligations to in days that are past: they still are friends—this is not the case with many—brother and sister Decamp are true-hearted! may the Lord prosper them on their journey to a peaceful etternity!

The cloud appears to spread over the American hemisphere—may God prepare his children for the shock: what though the fire, or plague, or sword, receive commission from the Lord to strike his saints among the rest, their pains and

deaths are blest!

Monday, September 12th. I have this day felt my heart somewhat more composed than I have done for some time.

September, 13th. This day we have received more intelli-

gence of the invasion of our once happy land. O that the Lord would prepare us for every event of his providence!

September, 14th. I desire to be truly thankful to the great Giver of every mercy, for the blessings I do enjoy this precious morning; I enjoy a tolerable degree of health, and am sursounded with kind friends. O that my soul may be filled with grateful songs of praise to him, who so richly provides for me? my situation is as pleasant as it has ever been, perhaps for many years.

"Bless God, my soul, even unto death,"
And write a song for every breath."

September, 15th. May my heart be made truly sensible of my dependance upon God, who giveth to 'every one liberally, that seek him with an undivided heart: but I feel this morning, as though my heart was too far from that enjoyment which makes happy in this world, and in the next. May my heart be revived, and filled with love to God, and my fellow mortals. Religion is low at this time, in almost every direction; may our hearts feel interested for the prosperity of the church!

The times are truly alarming, the sound of WAR is heard in our borders, the alarm is gone forth—'Ye sons of Columbia, to arms, to arms.' Our sea-boards are likely to be deluged in blood. While our interior is in commotion, our frontiers have been saluted by the war hoop of the savage; while their tender wives and shildren have faller victims to their

wanton cruelty: may HE that rules on high, that can calm the raging ocean, and bring harmony out of confusion, undertake our cause, and deliver us from the hand of our enemy, and establish peace once more on the earth! But this may only be the beginning of sorrow to the inhabitants of this terrestrial hall. O that all who have an interest at the throne of Grace, would cry mightily to him for strength, to stand in this day of adversity. Lord prepare us to make our way through all opposition, to the peaceful happy mansions of unclouded day. Ohappy, happy land, when shall we get there-my God wash out the stains that sin has made on my immortal soul, that I may have a glorious admittance into those pure regions of everlasting rest! Trials await me on these mortal shores: may the God of love attend us by his grace, and give us true submission to his will! May my soul be filled with love and gratitude, to that hand, who hath provided for me, from my cradle, to the present time. How much I owe, yet how little I do as I ought. O my soul awake! awake! to a sense of duty to the God of all consolation, that my soul may be filled with all his fulness.

September 16th. Nothing material has taken place in my situation for some days, but a continual clanger of WAR is saluting our cars, and what will be the final issue, doth not yet appear: may webe prepared for whatever may await us: my soul is truly pained on account of my country. O that God would undertake the cause of America; that the people may learn humiling, and submission, to his divine will!

My mind was much depressed this morning, when I arose, but these words came to my mind, "Be still, and know that I am God," with some power; may my heart acquiesee in what-

ever may be our lot.

We have just heard the joyful tidings, that our dear fellow citizens of the town of Baltimore, are delivered from their troublesome visitors. O that their hearts may be thankful to that hand, who vins able to save, when appearances were most gloomy; help us, O thou God of love, to render the sincere thanks for these mercies; and may America, above all lands, be conformed to the will of him, who hath wrought out such a deliverance for this favoured country! may my heart glow with thankfulness to such a good God, and may the remnant of my days be spent in his service.

Sunday, September 18th. This day my soul hath been refreshed under the improvement of brother Daniel Smith; while discoursing on the wickedness of the Jews, the once chosen people of God, in destroying that most worthy servant of God, Stephen; his triumphant death, and ascension to glory. It filled my soul with raptures, I had something of a view, of the suffering Christian, bidding adieut on world of wee, transported by a convoy of angels, to his Redeemer's bosom! (6)

what a glorious scene! may that be my happy lot, though unworthy!

September 19th. My heart feels quite gloomy this day. Chat these trials might teach me from whence my strength muscome! I cannot tell what is before me; may God prepare and help me to hang upon his promises, and lay at the feet of the Redeemer of mankind. I long to be more holy, that my heart may be drawn from earth, and placed on more permanent riches. Through grace I hope one day to out-ride the tempest and storms of life, and reach the fair fields of unclouded day. May God review his work in the land, and prosper Z4ON, and fill his church with faithful Christians!

September 21st. Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits. The days are evil, we have need of more wisdom and humility, to walk the narrow road that leads to joys on high! What a vain, deceifful world we have to travel through: How many snares 'h every side; may we be as roise

as serpents, and harmless as loves.

Friday, September 23rd. The days are rolling fast away: may I have wisdom and grace, to improve my time to the glory of my Creator and the comfort and satisfaction of my own immortal soul! My heart is often pained to see and feel so listle of the life of religion, in almost every direction: may the

Lord once more revive his work in the land !

Since I came to the city, my husband and self, took a walk to the" State's Prison," which was a very great satisfaction to me. We gave one shilling for admittance, and had the privilege of going through every apartment in the prison: and to see the neatness, and industry, that prevails there, was truly charming. This institution, is one of the most noble, perhaps that ever was adopted by any nation: it saves many of those poor unfortunate creatures, who have forfeited their life, and liberty, from suffering death; and gives them a space for repentance: and furthermore, their labour is very useful to the community. The men were very serious, and appeared quite downcast; but the women, that have been so unfortunate, as to get into this place, appear the most hardened creatures I ever saw. This is a striking proof, to what human nature may be reduced! There is a large square in the centre of the Prison, where they may range for health, at times. A man may love and serve the Lord in this place, as well as in any other, if he be so minded, and it may be, some of these poor mortals will be brought to reflection. The happy day is fast approaching, I trust, when LIGHT will shine forth, as the morning, and peace will be established upon the earth.

From the eleventh of September to the seventh of October Lorenzo spent in New York: then he took his departure for Philadelphia, expecting to return in six or eight weeks; but, when he arrived there, he found his way opened in the city

nd country, so that he thought best to send for me to come o Philadelphia, where he had concluded to spend the winter. Accordingly I started without delay, in a carriage which was ent for me, and arrived in safety in about three days. I was lindly received by friend Allen and his wife; where I tarried intil the return of Lorenzo from the Eastern Shore; whither e had taken a tour two or three weeks previous. When he ame back, he wished to find a small room, where we could e retired from the world for a few months; and we were so ortunate as to meet with a friend, (who had plenty of house oom, and was willing to accommodate us with a small room; which was made very comfortable by putting up a stove in it,) n a neighbourhood of the people called Quakers; where we ound it very agreeable. I attended their meetings with much satisfaction: I believe many, very many of those people o be truly spiritual! The friend and his wife, at whose iouse we stopped, belonged to the meeting, and they both appeared striving to be what they on ght

per them in the way of their duty.

February 27th, 1815. The news of PEA.

ers, and echoes through the land! ound! May it inspire our hearts and who hath given us the blessing as fill every soul, until this favour mmanuel's land, and the earth be fi Act 5 m s ( ) E a tody phase 7 gratitude to flue the perce

## Quietness, as a Canopy of

- "GREAT God, thy name Thy goodness be ador'd, My sout has been distress But thou hast neace res
- \* A thankful heart I feel, In peace my mind is sta Balsamic ointments heal The wounds by sorrow
- "Though elements contend Though wind and water I've an unshaken Friend, Who doth my grief asse
- Though storms without a: \*

  Emblems of those withi

## 264 SUPPLEMENTARY REFLECTIO

On Christ my soul relies, The sacrifice for sin-

"Though inward storms prevail,
Afflicting to endure,
I've help that cannot fail,
In Him that's ever sure.

"Though outward war and strife Prevail from sea to sea, I've peace in inward life, And that sufficeth me.

Though clamour rear its head,
And stalk from shore to shore,
My food is angels' bread,
What can I covet more?

Though ill reports abound,
Suspicions and surmise,
I find, and oft have found,
In death true comfort lies:

"That death I mean whereby Self-love and will are slain; For these, the more they die The more the Lamb doth reign.

And well assur'd I am
True peace is only known
Where He, the harmless Lamb,
Has made the heart his throne.

Then, then may tempests rage, Cannon may roar in vain; The Rock of every age, The Lamb, the Lamb doth reign."

5









## AUG 29 1950

